COUNCIL FOR SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

BUILDING A JUST SOCIETY ON THE PRINCIPLES OF EQUALITY, IDENTITY AND JUSTICE

ANNUAL REPORT 2013-2014

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# CONTENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>DIRECTOR’S NOTE</strong></td>
<td>03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>1. ORIGIN, VISION AND OBJECTIVES OF CSD</strong></td>
<td>05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.1 Origin</td>
<td>06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2 Vision</td>
<td>07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.3 Objectives</td>
<td>07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>2. RESEARCH</strong></td>
<td>09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.1 Projects Completed</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.2 Projects Ongoing</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>3. ADVOCACY</strong></td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.1 Seminars/Workshops</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>4. TRAINING</strong></td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>5. PUBLICATIONS</strong></td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>6. OTHER ACTIVITIES</strong></td>
<td>66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.1. Memorial Lectures</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.2. Library</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>7. FACULTY ACTIVITIES</strong></td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>8. FACULTY &amp; STAFF</strong></td>
<td>96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>9. AUDITOR’S REPORT</strong></td>
<td>109</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**DIRECTOR’S NOTE**


The important publications brought out during the year were (i) Hyderabad Social Development Papers, (ii) Three Essays on Constitutional Morality and (iii) Agricultural Development in Bihar: Challenges and Opportunities. Besides, the quality of papers included in the Council’s Social Change Journal improved significantly.

The Durgabai Deshmukh Memorial Lecture for 2013 was delivered by Dr. S.K. Thorat, Chairman, ICSSR. He spoke on Growth and Its Pro-poor Character in India, during 1993-94-2009-10. Finally several faculty members of the Council enhanced its prestige by publishing research papers and by participating in seminars and conferences as resource persons.

I am extremely thankful to Prof. Muchkund Dubey, President and other members of the Council for their guidance and unwavering support to meet the organisations’ goals and objectives.

Dr. T. Haque
Director
ORIGIN, VISION AND OBJECTIVES
ORIGIN, VISION & OBJECTIVES

ORIGIN

The Council for Social Development (CSD) completed its 51 years of existence as a vibrant research and social development organisation. Since its inception in 1962, it functioned as an informal group of social workers and social scientists, described as Study Group, under the chairmanship of the legendary freedom fighter, social worker, academic and planner, Dr. Durgabai Deshmukh. The preamble of the CSD’s Constitution clearly stipulates its objectives: “the need for a systematic study of the play of social dynamics in the process of growth, to bring the social aspects of development into focus and to relate them properly to economic growth at various stages.”

In 1964, a formal status was given to the Council as an affiliate of the India International Centre and in April, 1970, it was registered under the Societies Registration Act of 1860 with Dr. C. D. Deshmukh as President and Dr. (Smt.) Durgabai Deshmukh as Executive Chairperson and Honorary Director. After their demise, the office bearers were elected from among the members of the Council. Presently, Prof. Muchkund Dubey is the President and Ms C. P. Sujaya, the Vice President.

With a view to expanding its activities to the South, a branch of the Council was set up in 1967 in Hyderabad, which was later upgraded to a Regional Office. In 1980, the ICSSR sanctioned a recurring annual grant to the Southern Regional Centre (SRC) to expand its activities. The support of the Reserve Bank of India to establish an Integrated Micro Projects Applied Research and Training (IMPART) Centre in the name of Dr. C. D. Deshmukh under its Endowment Scheme in 1985 further strengthened the Council in diversifying its activities. The SRC has adequate financial and managerial autonomy to work independently.

Consistently, over the years, CSD’s main endeavour has been to rectify the lack of focus on social development among the Indian planners. Durgabai’s introduction to the Planning Commission’s volume on Social Welfare in India (1964) and her lectures at the Asian Institute of Economic Development in Bangkok (1964) give ample evidence of her focus on the need to counter the neglect of women, children and the disadvantaged sections in the planning process. This vision acquires critical significance today because the growth preoccupation of the Indian policymakers has become so over-powering that the agenda of social development gets only lip service. It also encourages a healthy debate on whether the right-based laws, that have of late inspired policy discourse, actually constitute substantial policies to uplift the deprived people and seriously address the problems of the disadvantaged sections.
The vision of the founders continues to inspire the Council’s engagement in intellectual efforts to influence government policy, social action and public discourse for the advancement of the socially disadvantaged.

**VISION**
The Council continues to be inspired by the vision of its founders to build a just society on the guiding principles of secularism and equality, identity and justice at the core of all its intellectual and practical work. The attainment of the goal of “Antyodaya” or “wiping every tear from every eye”, set before the Nation by Mahatma Gandhi, is the philosophical foundation of the council. The best route towards achievement of this vision is to contribute to the amelioration of the plight of the poorest, deprived and marginalized sections of the population. As part of the events to mark the Golden Jubilee of the CSD, a critical brainstorming session was held at Surajkund on April 2, 2013 to recalibrate the Council’s programme/projects and fine-tune its modalities for implementation, taking into account the changes over the years in the field of social development. The Council renewed the vision of its founders in the Surajkund session and reiterated that it shall continue to engage in intellectual efforts to influence government policy, social action and public discourse for the advancement of the socially disadvantaged, marginalized and oppressed sections of the society.

**OBJECTIVES**
In addition to the Council’s prescribed role of focusing the public and policy discourse on a social development vision aimed at uplifting the quality of life of the poor, oppressed and marginalized sections of the Indian society, the Council’s brainstorming session at Surajkund resulted in identifying the following new thrust areas and objectives:

1. CSD will study the continuing trend of the retreat of the State from the broad field of social development and the resulting privatization of social services that has led to further decay and dismantling of the public sector infrastructure, built for sustaining social development and dispensing social goods and services. The impact of the absence of long-term objectives and commitment of resources for achieving social targets and abandonment of structural and systemic approaches to dealing with social problems will now be the focus area of investigation and debate for the Council.

2. CSD will formulate ideas about how to bring the focus back on the disadvantaged sections at a time when the State seems to be serving the interest of the few.

3. CSD will study the impact of the erosion of bureaucratic structures on account of the retreat of the
State and the simultaneous adoption of the PPP mode of building infrastructure and setting up institutions.

4. CSD will closely examine whether the right-based approach to social development is really different from the entitlement approach, and whether these two approaches differ from welfare and charity approach. A study of this problem has acquired urgency in view of the serious problem of implementation that has arisen in the execution of the Right to Education.

5. CSD will build capacity as a ‘brain trust’ for the people and will consistently undertake national stocktaking of the direction in which the country is moving in the social field and present alternatives before the government and the people.

6. CSD will study and evaluate the efficacy of the numerous experiments that are under way as attempts by people to cope with the distress reality through self-help measures. This includes the revival of the cooperatives.

7. CSD will study the implications of the absence of people from the heart of policy-making or the lack of involvement of the beneficiaries in conceptualization, formulation, evaluation and implementation of the programmes meant to ameliorate their socio-economic conditions and suggest alternative approaches to bring about a change in the situation.

8. CSD will continue its research and advocacy work designed to improve the conditions of the socially disadvantaged groups – dalits, adivasis, minorities, women, children, marginal and poor farmers and workers in the unorganized sector.

9. CSD will intensify its activities in its core areas of education health, agriculture, rural development and human rights, especially of the weaker sections.

10. CSD will build capacity for research, advocacy and training in the areas of – a) sustainable development (water, energy, environment, climate change, land use and agriculture); b) Poverty in the process of urbanization (exclusionary character of the cities; marginalization of the poor; institutionalization and standardization of inequality in urban areas through institutions of local self-government especially resident welfare associations; social dynamics of small cities and towns and how they are being marginalized in the policies and programmes for urban development; and urban-rural divide; C) Impact of science and technology on social development.
One of the major activities of the Council since its inception has been conducting meaningful research in the area of social development. Researches have been conducted in crucial areas of development, such as literacy and education, health and population, agriculture, rural development, environment and weaker sections of society – dalits, adivasis, women and children.
RESEARCH PROJECTS COMPLETED

HEALTH:

Social Determinants of Health

- **Sponsoring Agency**: Council for Social Development
- **Project Director**: Prof. Imrana Qadeer
- **Associated Academic Staff**: Dr. Arathi P M and Mr. Sourindra Ghosh
- **Date of Project Completion**: January 2014

- **Objectives**: To capture caste, class, gender intersectional ties in the inequalities in health
- **Methodology**: Literature review and unit level data analysis of NFHS rounds by using statistical tools
- **Findings and Recommendations**:

  a) The lower castes have higher odds of adverse outcome in almost all parameters such as women’s health; food intake etc. compared to their upper caste counterparts. Class also largely has the same effect, i.e. lower classes having higher odds of adverse outcomes compared to upper classes. But that effect is not as strong as caste.

  b) The strongest socio-economic group, i.e. the rich/upper-middle, non-lower caste has least of odds (those of which are statistically significant, p<0.05) of adverse outcomes among almost all the parameters mentioned above. For most of the parameters, the weakest socio-economic group i.e. poor lower caste has the highest odds of adverse outcomes. This means, the confluence of class and caste is the strongest at the margins, i.e. the extreme intersections of socio-economic power on one hand and deprivation on the other – the rich/middle, non-lower caste and poor lower caste respectively.

  c) Child health indicators have shown signs of aggravating socio-economic and gender disparity in NFHS-3 vis-à-vis NFHS-2. Parameters of women’s health and women’s food intake regularity have not shown definite signs of deterioration in terms of socio-economic disparity, but it hasn’t improved either.
Strengthening Delhi State’s Maternal Health Systems: Maternity delivery services in institutional facilities

- **Sponsoring Agency:** Council for Social Development
- **Project Director:** Ms. Nalini Visvanathan
- **Date of Project Completion:** December 5, 2013.

**Objectives:**

a) To examine how socially disadvantaged women residing in Delhi’s Northeast District viewed their most recent birthing experience in an institutional setting, largely but not exclusively public hospitals.

b) To identify and explore system-based barriers for institutional delivery faced by socially disadvantaged women.

**Methodology:** Focused group interviews were conducted with ASHAs at different sites in Northeast and Shahdara Districts. The protocol was developed around a model of quality maternity care and administered to 43 women who had delivered within the last six months. Data have been processed for qualitative and quantitative analysis.

**Findings and Recommendations:**

a) Socially disadvantaged women who choose to deliver in public hospitals are subjected to varied forms of abuse, largely verbal and emotional, from the medical staff. There is considerable extortion of funds from patients, including the poorest ones, which enlarges the unanticipated expenditure for the delivery. A major human rights violation is the refusal of admission to women in labour on technical grounds as well as for lack of beds; they are sent home or asked to go to another facility.

b) ASHAs provide ante-natal care (ANC) services to the women and accompany them to the dispensary for ANC check-ups and sometimes to the hospitals as well at the time of delivery. These workers are often demeaned by rude and verbally abusive treatment from both health professionals and the support staff.

c) The strengthening of ANC services through the ASHAs with due recognition for their critical role.

d) The sensitisation of the hospital administration to varied forms of abusive treatment.

e) Increased capacity of crowded facilities through higher doctor-patient ratios and more beds.
AGRICULTURE:

Institutional Credit, Farm Productivity and Farm Distress

- **Sponsoring Agency:** Bharat Krishak Samaj
- **Project Director:** Ankita Goyal and Dr. T. Haque
- **Associated Academic Staff:** Purtika Kalra
- **Date of Project Completion:** July 2013

**Objectives:**
a) To analyse the trends in credit disbursed to agriculture and allied activities in India.
b) To examine farm size category wise credit availability from various sources (institutional and non-institutional) in selected states.
c) To find out the credit related problems of farmers in areas where there is high incidence of suicides by farmers.

**Methodology:** The study was based on both secondary and primary data. The secondary was collected from various publications of RBI, NABARD and the Ministry of Agriculture Govt. of India. For primary farm level data, a household survey was conducted in Ludhiana and Sangrur in Punjab and Buldhana and Yavatmal in Maharashtra with sample of around 400 farm households. Farming households in each block was divided into three categories, based on their net cultivated area (NCA) into small (less than 2 hectares), medium (between 2 and 4 hectares) and large (above 4 hectares). Information was also gathered from banks and agricultural credit institutions.

**Findings and Recommendations:**

a) The share of small and marginal farms in total institutional credit has been declining over time.
b) The farmers who borrow money from private money lenders remain perpetually in debt trap.
c) Only about 10 per cent farmers in Sangrur, 37 per cent in Ludhiana, 21 per cent in Yavatmal, and 44 per cent in Buldhana have Kisan Credit Cards.
d) Loan waiver from time to time has encouraged even well-off farmers not to pay back their loans.
e) The recommendations include (a) improvement in the availability of institutional credit to small and marginal farmers, (b) reduction in the rate of interest by co-operatives and banks, and (c) improvement in farm productivity and profitability for increasing the risk free credit worthiness of farmers.
Study on Agricultural Pricing policy in India

• **Sponsoring Agency:** Centre for Sustainable Agriculture (CSA) and Alliance for Sustainable and Holistic Agriculture (ASHA)
• **Project Director:** Ankita Goyal
• **Date of Project Completion:** December 2013

• **Objectives:**
  a) To identify the shortcomings in the method of estimating cost of production of various crops by CACP.
  b) To identify the flaws in the existing methods of fixation of minimum support prices (MSP) by the government.
  c) To find out the extent to which MSPs are implemented.

• **Methodology:** The study was based mainly on the review of the various reports of the CACP and the secondary data collected from the Directorate of Economics & Statistics, Govt. of India, Department of Food and Public Distribution and DACNET, Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India.

• **Findings and Recommendations:**
  a) The study looked into the performance of procurement agencies appointed by the government for procurement of foodgrains, oilseeds, cotton etc from the farmers, namely, Food Corporation of India (FCI), National Agricultural Cooperative Marketing Federation of India (NAFED) and Cotton Corporation of India (CCI). It was seen that these agencies are active only in certain regions and only for certain crops, while most of the backward regions see little or no procurement by these agencies.
  b) Since cost of cultivation of the same crop is different in different regions, the MSP generally falls short of the cost of cultivation in most regions, thus defeating the very purpose of providing farmers with incentive prices to produce more.
  c) MSP should be fixed realistically to cover at least the total cost of Production in high cost region and give adequate margin over cost in other states.
TRIBAL WELFARE:

An Evaluation Study of the scheme of ‘Market Development of Tribal Products and Produce’ in India

- **Sponsoring Agency:** Ministry of Tribal affairs
- **Project Director:** Dr. Sonali Mukherjee
- **Date of Project Completion:** March, 2014

**Objectives:**

a) To study the effectiveness of the strategy and actual implementation of the Action Plan adopted by TRIFED during the XI Five Year Plan period for market development of tribal products and produce in India
b) To analyze the outcome of training programmes/workshops etc. if any, conducted by TRIFED.
c) To identify gap between the amount of financial support given to TRIFED by the Ministry of Tribal Affairs and actual requirement of TRIFED to carry out its mandate.
d) To study whether the scheme “Marketing Development of Tribal Products/Produce” had practical bearing for improving socio-economic conditions of STs; how far has the scheme succeeded in attaining the goal of market development of tribal products; and how the benefit has accrued to the targeted beneficiaries i.e. the tribal population of the country.
e) To assess impact of the scheme in ameliorating the socio-economic condition of the tribals.
f) To study effectiveness in providing policy inputs to the Ministry as well as State Welfare Departments for successive implementation of the scheme.
g) To study the outcome of any motivation programme for the tribal people for producing tribal products /produce.

**Methodology:** The study was planned at two levels- one at the policy level, which is detailed in the Roadmap of TRIFED and the other at ground level where TRIFED is actually performing its act. Fieldwork was conducted in the three states of Jharkhand, Chhattisgarh and Andhra Pradesh. In each state, two districts were identified for the study.

**Findings and Recommendations:**

a) The support extended to tribal artisans under the scheme is highly inadequate from the point of their sustainable livelihood. Lack of proper marketing arrangement for tribal produce is
one of the key constraints in generating sustainable livelihood system in tribal areas.

b) Tribals artisans and MFP gatherers need to be provided a sustainable livelihood strategy through skill upgradation and platform to sell their goods. TRIFED should identify its target group itself. Develop a database of tribal population with their livelihood strategies.

c) Convergence among State agencies is absolutely essential for TRIFED to make its presence at the grassroot. Also this process has to be sustainable.

d) There has to be a monitoring and evaluation segment in each of their activities for effective nailing of the problem areas and providing better policy input to the Ministry.

e) A raw material bank could be set up, which would provide material on credit at concessional rates.

f) Budget needs to be revised. With staff strength of 336 employees, TRIFED is saddled with their salaries and perks, which has to be separately taken care of by the Ministry of Tribal Affairs.

**EDUCATION:**

**Project on a National Campaign for an Inclusive Implementation of RTE 2009**

- **Sponsoring Agency:** Oxfam India and UNICEF India
- **Project Director:** Ambarish Rai, National Convenor, RTE Forum
- **Associated Academic Staff:** Parul Gupta, Research Coordinator, RTE Forum
- **Date of Project Completion:** Activities for one year completed

- **Objectives:**
  a) Bringing all networks, agencies and organisations working for marginalised sections, teachers’ unions and mass movements together for advocating effective implementation of the RTE Act and making it a political agenda
  b) Raising the issue of inadequate financing of education and advocating enhanced allocation to ensure equitable and quality education for all
  c) Supporting the process of synergy of capacity building of SMCs across the country to enable their emergence as an important factor in support of the implementation of the RTE Act across the country

- **Methodology:**
  a) The RTE Forum runs a national campaign for equitable and
quality education for all children in the country and, therefore, works towards reaching out to all the stakeholders by engaging them in various activities.

b) During 2013-14, the RTE Forum took initiative to set up the formal structure of operations and management. For this purpose, a 4-member Task Force was formed. Besides, new states got engaged in the RTE discourse namely, Chattisgarh, Karnataka, Uttarakhand, West Bengal, Tamil Nadu and Pondicherry.

c) A National level meeting of existing and newly created state chapters was conducted to bring about a common understanding of issues pertaining to RTE Act and for its implementation at the ground level and to prepare future action plan for strong interventions.

d) A study has been conducted on functioning of SMCs and modalities of its formation.

e) Regular Media Conferences took place.

f) RTE Forum participated in the state stocktaking conventions to know the scenario in states.

- **Findings and Recommendations:**

  a) An urgent meeting should be convened of the National Development Council (NDC) by the Prime Minister and bringing the Chief Ministers of the States to plan for the implementation of the Act’s provisions.

  b) A national roadmap should be prepared and regular review by the NDC in the form of a white paper whereby all schools meet all the norms of the Right to Education Act as per the roadmap.

  c) The budget for elementary education should be enhanced in order to deliver on the commitments made.

  d) A systematic pan-national mechanism for concurrent review of the status of implementation of the ACT should be developed.

  e) Centre should initiate process urgently through Centre-State consultative mechanisms for ownership by states as education is a concurrent list subject.

  f) Special training for out-of-school children needs to be provided in numbers commensurate with the actual numbers of out-of-school children.

  g) There is a need for review of the curriculum and textbooks in the schools to ensure that they are of a level commensurate with the actual learning levels of the students.

  h) There should be awareness building campaign about the spirit of the Act with department officials that are tasked with its implementation. Also, Community awareness on the Act needs to be deepened further.
i) The rich diversity of religion, culture, leadership and contribution of Adivasi, Muslim and Dalit communities to school curriculum should be recognised and all children and teachers should be sensitised in this regard.

j) There should be stronger regulatory framework for private schools along with transparency and accountability measures.

**LIVELIHOOD:**

Socio-economics of Geographical Indications in Indian Handloom Sector: A Case Study of Pochampally

- **Sponsoring Agency** Indian Council of Social Science Research
- **Project Director:** Dr. Soumya Vinayan, Assistant Professor
- **Date of Project Completion:** August 2013

**Objectives:**

a) To identify the opportunities and challenges in the implementation of Geographical Indications (GI) in the handloom sector, with particular reference to Pochampally ikkat.

b) To identify and study the emergence of institutional mechanism or governance structure for GI implementation through consolidation of existing horizontal and vertical network and linkages within the production process or through creation of new arrangements, thereby enhancing social capital.

c) To assess the socio-economic impact of GI implementation on the weavers in terms of enhancement in productivity, wages, employment; access to market in terms of increase in sales and prices of products.

**Methodology:**

a) The study was based on the analysis of both secondary and primary data. A primary survey was carried out in Nalgonda District of Andhra Pradesh. A list of weavers working with Pochampally Handloom Weaver’s Cooperative Society Limited and Pochampally Handloom Tie and Dye Silk Sarees Manufacturer’s Association since GI registration in 2004 was collected. 200 weaver households were the target group of the study. In addition, 150 weaver households (from within and outside cooperative fold) from villages within 20 kilometre radius of Pochampally were selected randomly to form control group.

b) Strategic interviews were held with different government bodies. Focus Group Discussion with various stakeholders such as
traders (yarn, dye and chemicals), pre-loom workers (warpers, sizers, winders) were undertaken.

- **Findings and Recommendations:**
  a) Operation of GI in India was at a very nascent stage. Even though the legislation was passed in 1999, the Rules became operational only in 2003. Since then, there has been considerable growth in the number of goods applied for and registered both from India and abroad. Nonetheless, the levels of awareness about the Act have been low also there was a concentration of applications and registrations from South India.
  b) The need is to evolve a mechanism at institutional level to streamline the operation of GI to realize its full potential of creation of value through improved market access and thereby boost rural development. Two major phases in the operation of GI Activities can be identified – Pre-GI and Post-GI.
  c) The study suggests short-term and long-term policy recommendations. Creation of a common logo for GI products; increased levels of public awareness; identification of products with potential by community-based organizations; facilitation by government institutions; stake in ownership by primary producers, are some of the short-term measures suggested. Long-term measures include amendments in the Act to issue public notice about advertised and registered products (akin to Land Acquisition Act); mandatory provision for registration under Part A and B and institutional mechanism for monitoring and supervision.

**Mining Closure and the Issue of Livelihood: A Case Study of Orissa**

- **Sponsoring Agency:** ICSSR under Research Promotion Scheme
- **Project Director:** Dr. Sujit Kumar Mishra, Associate Professor
- **Date of Project Completion:** March 2014
- **Objectives:** To study the livelihoods of people in mining communities shift pre, during and post mining operations
- **Methodology:** The study involved a three-pronged approach while collecting information: (a) conducting a field survey; (b) collection of data from secondary sources and discussions with officials in government, non-officials, NGO representatives and local leaders in the area; and (c)
Focus Group Discussions. The primary data has been collected from 24 mining villages from 500 different types of stakeholders of Lead Mine, Sargipalli of the state Odisha, India.

- **Findings and Recommendations:**
  a) Highly diversified nature of the local economy during mining was missing after the closure.
  b) Voluntary retirement scheme (VRS) of the employees, was a conspiracy and some middlemen including the union were confusing the common men. The greatest losers in the entire process were the third category of people who used to derive their livelihood from the local economy e.g. milk man, washer man, barber, hotel, kirana shop, cycle repairing shop, pan shop and domestic workers.
  c) The decision to close the mine was a sudden process. Formal notification was also not circulated to the people. For imparting skill based training, a need assessment was not conducted. It was completed based on the availability of the specialisation of the training imparting institute. From the study it is evident that the VRS took place in 2 phases – in the year 1991 and 2001. However the training was imparted in 2004 only. So the training is of no use to the people.
  d) Mine closure should be a gradual process with sufficient information so that people will have sufficient time to strengthen their adaptive capacities to earn their livelihood in a sustainable manner.
RESEARCH PROJECTS
ONGOING

HEALTH:

Food and Nutrition Study

- **Sponsoring Agency:** Council for Social Development
- **Project Director:** Imrana Qadeer
- **Associated Academic Staff:** Dr. Arathi P. M and Mr. Sourindra Ghosh
- **Expected Date of Project Completion:** December 2014

- **Objectives:** An Analysis of the state and national level patterns of food consumption as well all identifying various components of food, viz. calorie, protein etc, which is derived from consuming different food items. The main purpose of the study is to observe how social determinants, like caste, class, religion, or work and labour conditions affect these outcomes. We are using NSSO Nutrition Round (large sample) unit level data for our analysis.

- **Methodology:** Decoding and analysis of Nutritional Surveys of NSSO unit level data and review of literature.

- **Status:** Five rounds of NSSO data have been extracted and select food items converted into a form that helps analyse data systematically. Besides the food items have been decomposed into respective nutritional components.

A Study on IVF Clinics in Kerala

- **Sponsoring Agency:** --
- **Project Director:** Dr. Arathi PM
- **Expected Date of Project Completion:** June 2015

- **Objectives:** To understand the ethical practices followed in IVF clinics in Kerala; to explore the socio-economic background of actors in the IVF clinics; trace the regional variations in clinical practices of assisted reproductive technology use.

- **Methodology:** In-depth interviews of IVF patients, surrogates, hospital authorities, clinicians; and literature review.

- **Status:** A preliminary field work has been done in Kerala.
EDUCATION:

**Project on a National Campaign for an Inclusive Implementation of RTE 2009**

- **Sponsoring Agency:** Oxfam India
- **Project Director:** Ambarish Rai, National Convenor, RTE Forum
- **Associated Academic Staff:** Sneha Palit, Research Coordinator, RTE Forum
- **Expected date of Project completion:** March, 2015.

**Objectives:**

- a) Bringing all networks, agencies, organisations working for marginalised sections, teachers’ unions and mass movements together for advocating effective implementation of the RTE Act and making it a political agenda
- b) Raising the issue of inadequate financing of education and advocating enhanced allocation to ensure equitable and quality education for all
- c) Supporting the process of synergy of capacity building of SMCs across the country to enable their emergence as a strength in support of the implementation of the RTE Act across the country

**Methodology:** RTE Forum runs a National campaign for equitable and quality education for all children in the country and therefore conducts the campaign by reaching out to all the stakeholders both at State and national level. This year’s focus would be on formalising the structure of the Forum and moving in direction of National federation of SMCs for deepening the roots of advocacy.

**Status:** Within three months of the projects, RTE Forum has reviewed the status of the implementation of the RTE Act since its enactment, carved out a framework for its mission and vision for advocacy, developed key points for the strategy for coming years, and is working on various emerging issues such as crisis of governance as discernible from Bihar’s mid-day meal tragedy.

LAND GOVERNANCE:

**India Land Governance Assessment Framework (LGAF - India)**

- **Sponsoring Agency:** The World Bank, Washington D.C
- **Project Director:** Dr. T. Haque
- **Associated Academic Staff:** Ms. Jaya Lekshmi Nair
- **Expected date of project completion:** September, 2014

**Objectives:** The main objective of this project is to assess the gaps
in the implementation of various land related policies listed below in selected states and suggest appropriate measures for bridging the gaps:

a) Land rights recognition
b) Rights to forest and common lands & rural land use regulations
c) Urban land use, planning, and development
d) Public land management
e) Transfer of public land to private use follows a clear, transparent, and competitive process
f) Public provision of land information: registry and cadastre
g) Land valuation and taxation
h) Dispute resolution
i) Review of institutional arrangements and policies

**Methodology:** This project is being implemented in six states of India namely, Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Jharkhand, Karnataka, Odisha and West Bengal. In each state, there is a nodal institution to help conduct the study, the report of which will be validated at a workshop at the state level, in which the State Govt. officials, NGOs and academicians will participate. Finally, the State reports will be synthesized into a national report. The CSD is the National Secretariat of the project.

**Status:** The draft report is being written.

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**Land and Livelihood Initiatives - Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Odisha, Karnataka and West Bengal**

- **Sponsoring Agency:** National Institute of Administrative Research, Lal Bahadur Shastri National Academy of Administration (LBSNAA)
- **Project Director:** Dr. T. Haque
- **Associated Academic Staff:** Gitesh Sinha
- **Expected date of project completion:** June, 2014

**Objectives:**

a) To analyse the impact of recent land and livelihood initiatives in selected states.

b) To suggest measures for improvement in the implementation of land and livelihood schemes.

**Methodology:**

a) The study is being conducted in five states, namely Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Karnataka, Odisha and West Bengal. Two districts from each state have been selected where beneficiaries of distribution of government land and other similar kind of schemes of government have been interviewed.

b) The total sample size is 2000 beneficiaries of distribution of the government land/distribution of
patta land and other similar kind of schemes of government. i.e., 200 beneficiaries per district. Besides, 5 case studies from each district and detail were conducted.

- **Status**: Primary data have been collected and data analysis is in progress

**ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT:**

**Economics, Ecology and Development: Women’s Roadmap for Uttarakhand**

- **Sponsoring Agency** Indian Council for Social Science Research
- **Project Director** Anamika Priyadarshini
- **Associated Academic Staff** Prashant Mishra and Purtika Kalra
- **Expected date of Project Completion**: January 1, 2016.

- **Objectives**:
  a) To document the role of women in socio-political and economic life of Uttarakhand and underline the absolute criticality of a sustainable development model which addresses the topographical requirements and specific needs of the hill state.
  b) To highlight the important link between women’s participation in the various political and social movements and the strong desire such movements reflected for adoption of an alternative, sustainable and ecologically sensitive model of development in the specific context of Uttarakhand.
  c) To link the real life experiences of women in rural as well as urban centres in Garhwal and Kumaon region of Uttarakhand with the larger development discourse in the state.

- **Methodology**: The research will begin with a qualitative method in form of preliminary survey conducted with the potential research partners. This would be followed by an ethnographic study and some PRA (Participatory Rapid Appraisals). While quantitative method would allow us to get an overview of the general understanding of a larger group of research participants, in-depth interview conducted during ethnographic research would facilitate us in learning the lived experiences of those lives where violent implications of development discourse materializes in its crudest form. Finally, PRA exercises like FGD, Institutional Analysis, Historical Transect etc. would help us in understanding the dynamics between smaller group of research participants. It
would also allow us to learn about
the research participants’ com-
mon understanding of issues, and
experience the ways they interact
with each other and debate on
various issues.

- **Status:** Secondary Data Analysis is done. Currently finalising questionnaire, formulating field research team, preparing to begin preliminary survey from May, 2014

**Low Female Age at Marriage in Andhra Pradesh**

- **Sponsoring Agency**
  CSD Core Grant and Asmita Resource Centre for Women, Hyderabad

- **Project Director**
  Prof. Kalpana Kannabiran, Regional Director

- **Associated Academic Staff**
  Dr. Sujit Kumar Mishra, Associate Professor
  Dr. S. Surapa Raju, Assistant Professor
  Dr. Soumya Vinayan, Assistant Professor
  Dr. K Jafar, Post Doctoral Fellow

- **Expected date of project completion:** September 2014

- **Objectives:**
  To investigate into the causes, development patterns, and the process of the development of underdevelopment of girls and women that has led to a decline in the female age at marriage in Andhra Pradesh (Telangana and Andhra Pradesh)

- **Methodology:**
  This research will involve quantitative and qualitative methods, as well as detailed process documentation and case studies. The present study will use the *retrospective history* taking method for data collection. Further, it will undertake the following:

a) Intensive research, using methods of anthropology, participatory action research and field economics alongside quantitative economic analysis of macro-economic data to rigorously investigate the causes and shifts in social circumstances that correspond/lead to a fall in age at marriage among girls.

b) Creating a web-space and placing materials in the public domain for easy access and dissemination.

c) Three sets of instruments have been prepared to collate information for this study. They are: (i) one page questionnaire on marriage history; (ii) household schedule; and (iii) Schedule (basically open-ended) for FGDs. The one-page questionnaire was piloted in East Godavari district and enriched subsequently. Through the one-page questionnaire, the households
were identified for final sampling procedure. Finally, data has been collected from a total of 3359 households for the analysis.

- **Status**: Report writing is in progress.

**POLITICS AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT:**

**The Crisis of the Indian Left and Social Development Issues**

- **Sponsoring Agency**
  CSD/ICSSR/MHRD
- **Project Director**
  Prof. Praful Bidwai
- **Expected date of Project Completion**: September 14, 2014

- **Objectives:**
  a) To understand the crisis of the Left in depth, along with its achievements and failures.
  b) To relate the above to the Left's social development models and its neglect of social agendas.
  c) To assess the Left's intellectual, political and organizational ability to evolve alternative visions of social development and social transformation, in the absence of which it will suffer a historic decline.

- **Methodology:**
  a) Collection of primary and secondary material on the subject and its in-depth analysis. Interviews with present and former Left party leaders, independent analysts, scholars, social development specialists, trade unionists and social activists. Further analysis, integration and synthesis of this material and the writing of a full-length book.
  b) **Status**: Report writing is in progress.

**Democracy and Tribal Voice in Contemporary Indian Politics: A study of Andhra Pradesh**

- **Sponsoring Agency**
  Indian Council of Social Science Research, New Delhi
- **Project Director**
  Dr. Satyam Sunkari, Post Doctoral Fellow
- **Expected date of Project Completion**: September 2014

- **Objectives**: The main objective of the study is to examine the political voice of tribal people in the democratic system of India and to explore qualitative contribution of women participation in politics and at various levels of local governance.

- **Methodology**: The study uses both qualitative and quantitative tools for microanalysis based on the data which will be collected
from 2 ITDAs (Utnur and Paderu) covering 10 villages with total number of 200 interviews. The study will be completed by using different sources like secondary source, group discussion and individual interactions and interviews.

- **Status**: Analysis of secondary data is in progress and questionnaire for primary data is being prepared.

### WEAKER SECTIONS:

**Adivasi Oriya of Araku Valley: Interdisciplinary Study pertaining to Collection, Translation and Preservation of Oral Literature**

- **Sponsoring Agency**  ICSSR under ST Component Plan Grant
- **Project Director**  Dr. Suresh Jagannadham, Assistant Professor
- **Expected Date of Project Completion**: March, 2014

- **Objectives:**
  a) To map the origin and spread of Adivasi Oriya and its production oriented contacts.
  b) To identify the important areas that is unique to the region and the pressed to collect the same.
  c) To classify the collected languages and preserve them in digital form meant to make them accessible and their retrieval easier by adopting digital methods.

- **Methodology**: The methodology for the study includes literature review, ethnography and field documentation.

- **Status**: Literature review, field survey and ethnographic survey being done. Report writing is in progress.

**Educational Status of Scheduled Tribes in Andhra Pradesh: Achievements and Challenges**

**Part A: Andhra Pradesh**

- **Sponsoring Agency**  Indian Council of Social Science Research
- **Project Director**  Dr. Ramdas Rupavath, Assistant Professor, Dept. of Political Science, University of Hyderabad

- **Associated Academic Staff**:
  M. Ramulu, Research Scholar, Department of political Science, University of Hyderabad and Mr. Tapan kumar Bihari, Research Scholar, Department of political Science, University of Hyderabad

- **Expected Date of Project Completion**: March 2014
• **Objectives:**
  a) To examine the educational status of the tribal population
  b) To critically examine the problems/challenges faced by the tribal students in the education system.
  c) To try to find out the cause of dropouts which grow from primary to secondary and higher education.
  d) To examine various ways of discrimination that prevails in our education system.
  e) To evaluate the functioning of institutions towards educational development of tribal population.

• **Methodology:** According to the ICSSR guideline, the sample has been selected like District, Mandal, Village, Households, Schools, Colleges and Students. Five districts have been selected on the basis of Highest Population and Highest Tribal Literacy (HPHL), Highest population and Low Literacy (HPLL), Lowest Population and Highest Literacy (LPHL), Lowest population and Lowest Literacy (LPLL) and State Capital has been selected.

• **Status:** Report writing is in progress.

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**Part B: Telangana**

• **Sponsoring Agency** Indian Council of Social Science Research
• **Project Director** Dr. Bhangya Bhukya, Associate Professor, English and Foreign Languages University of Hyderabad
• **Associated Academic Staff** Dr. Akula Srinivas Mr. Kartik Navayan
• **Expected Date of Project Completion:** May 2014

• **Objectives:**
  a) To revisit educational status of Scheduled Tribes of erstwhile Andhra Pradesh,
  b) To examine attainments and challenges faced by STs, particularly to look into the form of discrimination,
  c) To evaluate functioning of educational institutions and their practices,
  d) To critically examine the pedagogical practices and their impact on ST students,
  e) To do a comparative study of STs and non-SC/STs with regard to educational attainments and challenges.

• **Methodology:**
  Adilabad, Medak and Hyderabad districts were selected for the study in Telangana. This study basically looked at the experiences of the students, teachers and parents of both...
tribal and non-tribal category. The ratio of tribe and non-tribe in all categories of samples is 70 and 30 percent respectively.

- **Status:** Report writing is in progress

**Diagnostic Study of Integrated Tribal Developmental Agencies in Andhra Pradesh**

- **Sponsoring Agency** Indian Council of Social Science Research under ST Component Plan Grant
- **Project Director** Prof. Kalpana Kannabiran, Regional Director
- **Associated Academic Staff** Dr. Satyam Sunkari, Post Doctoral Fellow
- **Expected date of Project Completion:** October 2014

- **Objectives:**
  a) to examine whether the programmes are suitable to the needs and desires of Scheduled Tribes,
  b) to understand institutional set up of ITDAs,
  c) to identify the problems underlying the functioning of ITDAs,
  d) to understand the depth of socio-economic desires of people, and
  e) to find out the gaps between people’s desires and approach of interventions of the government.

- **Methodology:** The study was conducted as field study with the help of data collection instruments, like case study method and semi-structured interview schedule and, to some extent, Focused Group Discussion. Semi-structured interview schedule was, however, the main instrument of data collection in this study. It was administered to 500 respondents in 10 ITDAs, apart from Focused-Group Discussion.

- **Status:** Report is under preparation

**The Other Backward Classes: Exclusion, Empowerment and Modernization**

- **Sponsoring Agency** Indian Council of Social Science Research, New Delhi under Sponsored Research Programme
- **Project Director** Prof. S. Simhadri Professor of Geography, Osmania University
- **Associated Academic Staff** Prof. P.L. Vishweshwer Rao, Professor of Communications and Journalism, Maulana Azad National Urdu University
• Expected date of Project Completion: March 2015

• Objectives:
  a) to draw up a historical perspective of the philosophies propagated by early reformers and contemporary thinkers
  b) to assess the movements for social inclusion and their impact on State
  c) to assess the process of modernisation and the development of Inclusive Policies in the context of the Mandal Report. Draw up a time-line of developments on the evolution of the OBC issue as a major national milestone in the history of the traditionally oppressed people of OBC.
  d) to map castes and trace social and Cultural Assertion and Formation of Identity and social capital of the OBCs
  e) to examine the political exclusion of the OBCs in the democratic setup of India
  f) to assess the exclusion of OBCs from developmental process in the context of their occupational marginalization
  g) to study the impact of modernisation and globalisation on the OBCs and its consequences on them in terms of loss of traditional occupations/exclusion from them
  h) to study the status of OBC women, the most excluded in the excluded castes.
  i) to examine the socio-economic-cultural-political interface of OBCs with other OBC groups and with upper/other castes in terms of whether such interface or lack of it is increasing/decreasing the traditional social distances and identities.

• Methodology:
  a) The study combines qualitative and quantitative methods. The study also makes use of statistical, computer and cartographic tools to process data collected both from primary and secondary sources. The study emanates from social and cultural consciousness of OBCs which can be captured only through qualitative methods such as Action research, Discourse Analysis, Participant Observation, Focus Group Discussions, structured questionnaires and semi-structured interviews and feminist perspectives.
  b) Intensive field studies, workshops, consultations with community leaders, will be undertaken for a meaningful understanding and OBC empowerment and modernisation.

• Status: A two-day National workshop on ‘Research Methodology’ related to the project
was held on November 9-10, 2013, in Osmania University. A total of 23 resource persons made presentations of their proposed research questions, approaches and methodological perspectives. Also a national seminar on “The Other Backward Classes in India: Exclusion, Empowerment and Modernisation” was held on March 22-24, 2014. Report writing is in progress.

Building Strategies for the Protection of Civil & Political Rights of Adivasi Communities

- **Sponsoring Agency** Unitarian Universalist Holdeen Hivos Just India Fund
- **Project Director** Prof. Kalpana Kannabiran, Regional Director
- **Expected date of Project Completion** : May 2014

- **Objectives:** The main aim of the project is to address civil and political rights of Adivasi communities in India.

- **Methodology:**
  a) The approach to addressing Civil and Political Rights is in three stages:
  b) The first involves the development of legal practice guides for lawyers and activists on issues pertaining to civil liberties, the rights of human rights defenders against arbitrary arrest, detention and degrading punishment, both by state and non state actors with a focus on special protections for Scheduled Tribes, Scheduled Castes, and women. The guides included not only legal procedures but also strategies employed in actual cases. The idea is to map successful strategies and the range and types of litigation. This involves interviews with litigants and lawyers, so that we are able to compare individual experiences with the case record.
  c) The next stage is identifying activists and lawyers at the district and state levels to be trained in the use of the practice guides, preparing a training curriculum for them based on research and materials already available, and undertaking these trainings in a highly targeted way.
  d) In addition, where research findings point to the possibility of litigation to solve problems, either PILs, cases in local courts or petitioning local/statutory/constitutional authorities, are to be initiated, with the project taking the responsibility for preparing the background brief for the lawyers and identifying lawyers willing to appear. Other strategic litigation may involve serious cases that arise during the grant period and correspond
with strategies and approaches covered in the practice guides.

- **Status:** Report writing is in progress.

**Issues in Minority Development with special reference to Muslims in Andhra Pradesh**

- **Sponsoring Agency:** CSD core grant and Shaheen Women's Resource and Welfare Association, Hyderabad
- **Project Director** Prof. Kalpana Kannabiran, Regional Director
- **Associated Academic Staff** Dr. Sujit Kumar Mishra, Associate Professor, Dr. Satyam Sunkari, Post Doctoral Fellow, Dr. Shankar Rao Chirala, Assistant Professor In collaboration with Shaheen Women’s Resource Association, Hyderabad
- **Expected date of Project Completion:** June 2014

- **Objectives:**
  a) To explain the socio-economic and living conditions of Muslim communities in urban bastis.
  b) To map the existing livelihoods pattern of the Muslim communities in urban bastis.
  c) To understand the status of women in Muslim communities.
  d) To analyse political participation among Muslim communities.
  e) To strengthen capacity of Muslim women and youth through the Rehnuma Entitlement Centre, Shaheen.

- **Methodology:** The study is basically a combination of both qualitative and quantitative process. It adopted a three-pronged approach for collection of information: (a) a field survey; (b) collection of data from secondary sources and discussion with officials in government, non-officials and local leaders in the study area; and (c) Focus Group Discussion with various stakeholders. The analysis of this study consists of 3000 Muslim households from 20 bastis of old city, Hyderabad.
- **Status:** Report writing is in progress.

**Right to Education for Minority Muslim Children**

- **Sponsoring Agency** CSD Core Grant
- **Project Director** Ms. Kriti Sharma, Junior Legal Researcher
- **Expected date of Project Completion:** October 2014

- **Objectives:**
  a) To study the impact of Right to Education Act, 2009
b) To analyze to what level the act has been implemented in schools
c) To assess whether the act has really benefited minority students in the backward minority area of Hyderabad, India

- **Methodology:** A small scale study was conducted in Chintalmet, Hyderabad where ten schools were selected for the study. These include three government schools, three private schools and four madrasas. Amongst madrasas two schools affiliated to Deobandi and Barelivi Shariff School of thoughts were selected and two were home-sprung madrasas. Field work was conducted for over two months and detailed questionnaires were asked to teachers and students. Both qualitative and quantitative data have been collected.

- **Status:** Report writing is in progress

**Educational Status of Denotified and Nomadic Tribes in Maharashtra, Goa, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh & Chhattisgarh: Attainments and Challenges**

- **Sponsoring Agency** Indian Council of Social Science Research
- **Project Director** Dr. Suresh Jagannadham, Assistant Professor, Dr. Kalpana Kannabiran, Regional Director

- **Expected date of Project Completion:** May 2014

- **Objectives:** The proposed project attempts (a) a national status report and mapping exercise; (b) constitutional and social impact assessment of punitive legislations; (c) exact extent of coverage of administrative and policy measures especially with reference to education and livelihoods; and (d) evidence based identification of the components of a special sub plan for Denotified Tribes.

- **Methodology:**
  a) Based on pilot survey experience, DNTs are classified broadly into three categories (1) DNT-1, (2) DNT-2, and (3) Nomadic tribes. Under DNT – 1, four communities, under DNT - 2 three communities and under Nomadic category three communities are selected for employing the final survey in Andhra Pradesh.
  b) Number of total selected communities are 10 which are interviewed in 10 districts of Andhra Pradesh. Based on the selected communities, households are interviewed. For each community 150 households are interviewed.
c) Apart from collecting the quantitative data, qualitative information is collected through community leaders and elders.

- **Status:** Research is in progress

**Educational Status of Denotified and Nomadic Tribes in Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Tamil Nadu, Puducherry & Kerala: Attainments and Challenges**

- **Sponsoring Agency** Indian Council of Social Science Research
- **Project Director** Dr. Vijay Korra, Centre for Economic and Social Studies, Hyderabad, National Coordinator Dr. Kalpana Kannabiran
- **Expected date of Project Completion:** May 2014

**Methodology:**

a) Based on pilot survey experience, DNTs are classified broadly into three categories (1) DNT-1, (2) DNT-2, and (3) Nomadic tribes. Under DNT-1, four communities, under DNT-2 three communities and under Nomadic category three communities are selected for employing the final survey in Andhra Pradesh.

b) Number of total selected communities are 10 which are interviewed in 10 districts of Andhra Pradesh. Based on the selected communities, households are interviewed. For each community 150 households are interviewed.

c) Apart from collecting the quantitative data, qualitative information is collected through community leaders and elders.

- **Status:** Report writing is in progress

**Realising Social and Economic Rights of Adivasis**

- **Sponsoring Agency:** Ford Foundation
- **Project Director:** Prof. Kalpana Kannabiran, Regional Director
- **Associated Academic Staff:** Dr. N. Vasanthi, Mr. D. Sunder Raj, Mr. B. Ramesh
- **Expected date of Project Completion:** July 2015
• **Objectives:** The primary aim of this research programme is to promote positive compliance to the framework of economic and social rights for adivasi communities along several axes, and to systematically build knowledge in this area of the complex network of protections that exists on paper and, therefore, must be translated into rights practice.

• **Methodology:**
  a) The proposed programme will be located for the most part in Andhra Pradesh, although the questions it seeks to raise and the results of the project initiatives will have a national relevance. The field studies will primarily focus on Andhra Pradesh, except for the policy research. It might be apt to describe the Andhra-national distribution as a 70:30 distribution. Through this research programme, CSD seeks to build partnerships at different levels: With community based networks, With other NGOs working in Andhra Pradesh among adivasis, With law schools, With independent research centres, With judicial training institutions and government research institutes, With independent advocates, researchers and academics with interest and experience in adivasi rights issues.

  b) In carrying out this programme, CSD’s goal will be to strive to achieve a shift in the knowledge base with respect to adivasi communities by translating information into knowledge both for adivasi communities and in relation to them. To this end, it will involve: Collaborative action-oriented, participatory and policy research; Rights advocacy and rights education at the community level; Documentation of dialogic processes, good practices and problems through film; Curriculum development through the formulation of courses for law schools and social science departments in universities; Student internship programmes; Law Clinics on adivasi rights, Strategic Litigation.

• **Status:** As part of the project, field visits, exposure visits have already been conducted. Public seminars, Internal seminar have been organised. Workshop on Legal Clinics and Lawyers Refresher Course (co-supported by UUHHJIF below) has also been organised. Fellowship programme for Lawyers is under way. Report writing is on the way.
POVERTY ERADICATION:

Socio-economic Survey of Housing for Urban Poor in Andhra Pradesh

- **Sponsoring Agency**: Department of Planning, Government of Andhra Pradesh in collaboration with Montfort Social Institute, Hyderabad
- **Project Director**: Prof. Kalpana Kannabiran, Regional Director
- **Associated Academic Staff**: Dr. L. Reddeppa, Associate Professor Dr. Chirala Shankar Rao, Assistant Professor Dr. Sivakumar Danyasi, Post Doctoral Fellow Dr. K. Jafar, Post Doctoral Fellow.
- **Expected date of Project Completion**: September 2014

- **Objectives**:
  a) To investigate the socio-economic and living conditions of urban poor;
  b) To map the existing livelihoods patterns of the urban poor;
  c) To explore access to, availability and quality of housing for urban poor;
  d) To examine the meaning of the right to housing in this context that will include an assessment of government schemes of housing for urban poor.
  e) To understand the various dimensions of community living, culture and social solidarities, that must be taken into account in understanding the right to housing.

- **Methodology**: The study adopts a three-pronged approach for collection of information: (a) a field survey; (b) collection of data from secondary sources and discussion with officials in government, non-officials and local leaders in the study area; and (c) Focus Group Discussion with various stakeholders. The data is being collected randomly from 2945 households from 15 Bastis/slums of Hyderabad (as against the proposed 3000 households @ 200 samples from each basti).

- **Status**: Data collection is in progress.

Climate Variations and its Impact on Marine Fishing Communities in Andhra Pradesh

- **Sponsoring Agency**: Indian Council of Social Science Research, New Delhi
- **Project Director**: Dr. S. Surapa Raju, Assistant Professor
- **Expected date of project completion**: April 2015
• **Objectives:**
  a) To review the climate variations in Andhra Pradesh and its impact on marine fishing sector in Andhra Pradesh for the last 30 years;
  b) to know the perceptions of fisher people on key factors of climate variations which affect marine fisheries;
  c) to study the probable causes of climate change issues affecting marine fisheries in Andhra Pradesh; and
  d) to find out effects of climate variations on village economy and on fishing households.

• **Methodology:** Based on coastal vulnerability index, the risk levels are classified into four categories namely low, moderate, high and very high level in Andhra Pradesh. Kakinada area in East Godavari district of Andhra Pradesh will be selected for this study as it happens to be the highest risk level area, i.e 73.5 km in the entire coastal zone. Altogether 450 households will be chosen purposively for this study in the selected village based on three generations 61+ age group people (grandfather age people/first generation), 46-60 (father age/second generation) and 20-45 years (son/third generation).

• **Status:** Review of literature is being done. Schedule is under preparation.

**LABOUR and EMPLOYMENT:**

**Asian Workplace Approach that respects Equality:**
**Implementing an Employment Strategy for Women and Men with Disabilities**

- **Sponsoring Agency** York University, Canada
- **Project Director** Prof. Kalpana Kannabiran, Regional Director
- **Associated Academic Staff** Dr. Soumya Vinayan, Assistant Professor Dr. Sandhya Maliye, Post Doctoral Fellow
- **Date of Project Completion** March 2014

- **Objectives:** To identify and address the key labour market causes of chronic unemployment, underemployment and poverty of women and men with disabilities in three urban areas in three countries: Bangladesh (Dhaka); India (Hyderabad); and Nepal (Katmandu). These countries share cultures, and have similar labour markets in small and medium enterprises (SMEs).
• **Methodology:** The project focused on three sectors: entrepreneurship/self-employment/cottage Industries; hospitality industry and food processing - sectors which proportionally employ a significant number of persons with disabilities. A sector focus enables more effective strategies to support the employment of persons with disabilities while ensuring that employers’ needs are met.

• **Findings and Recommendations:**
Council for Social Development has been involved in the secondary data collection for the generation of baseline report of the study with specific reference to Hyderabad. This included identification and collation of various databases on disability and employment: Census data, data available with the rural and urban self-help group initiatives of the Government of Andhra Pradesh namely Society for Elimination of Rural Poverty (SERP) and Mission for Elimination of Poverty in Municipal Areas (MEPMA) respectively and also the Vikasam programme under the Greater Hyderabad Municipal Corporation (GHMC.)

**Labour Market Barriers and Urban Employment for PWDS: A Study of Six Cities in Andhra Pradesh**

• **Sponsoring Agency** Department of Planning, Government of Andhra Pradesh

• **Project Director** Prof. Kalpana Kannabiran, Regional Director

• **Associated Academic Staff** Dr. Soumya Vinayan, Assistant Professor Dr. Sandhya Maliye, Post Doctoral Fellow In collaboration with Chaitanya Vikalangula Hakkula Vedika, Mahbubnagar.

• **Expected date of project completion:** September 2014

• **Objectives:**
  a) To assess the levels of barriers – economic, social and cultural – in the labour market in urban areas for PWDs;
  b) To understand the level of expectations of PWDs in realising their right to work;
  c) To measure the costs of exclusion and benefits of inclusion of PWDs;
  d) To suggest a road map to realise the employment potential of PWDs by adopting an interventionist strategy.

• **Methodology:**
  a) The study is based on both primary and secondary sources of data. Primary data includes both
quantitative and qualitative data collected through field based survey and ethnographic methods in the selected cities of Andhra Pradesh.

b) The study adopts multi-stage sampling. The data available with SADAREM (available disability wise in each urban area) will be made use for selection of sampled persons.

c) The status of disability, education, health, employment, physical and attitudinal barriers, socio-economic characteristics, will be collected to understand the enabling and disabling factors that equip them to seek and undertake employment or remain unemployed. In this regard, other than questionnaire based survey, ethnographic study of PWDs will be conducted.

• **Status:** Data Collection is in progress

**Labour and Employment in the Rural - Urban Continuum**

- **Sponsoring Agency** ICSSR, New Delhi
- **Project Director** Prof. D. Narasimha Reddy, ICSSR National Fellow, CSD
- **Expected date of project completion** July 2015

- **Objectives:** The aim of the study is to provide insights on the emerging consensus towards rural-urban continuum.

- **Methodology:** The study makes use of both secondary and primary data. Through a review of development theories, the explanation of rural transformation and overall economic development/modernisation in terms of spatial and sectoral changes in the structure of employment and output is undertaken. The contesting views on rural-urban divide are reviewed and the emerging consensus towards rural-urban continuum is examined with a view to developing a conceptual framework. Based on the NSS data, the emerging trends in rural employment structure and rural labour markets are analysed. Within the framework of structural change, important features like the sectoral changes in the rural production structure, growth and changing structure of rural employment with a focus on rural non-farm employment; social, gender and quality dimensions of changes in rural employment structure; changes in labour market institutions and wages; earnings and poverty levels of different groups of rural labour are analysed.
**Status:** Data Collection and review of literature is in progress

**A Study of MGNREGS in Selected Villages of Andhra Pradesh**

**Sponsoring Agency**
Reserve Bank of India

**Project Director**
Prof. S. Indrakant, RBI Chair Professor, CSD

**Associated Academic Staff**
Mr. P. Sathaiah

**Expected date of project completion:** September 2014

**Objectives:**

a) To examine the social composition of wage-seekers and benefits derived by them in terms of days of employment and wages earned;
b) to study the nature of assets created through works carried out under MGNREGS and benefits derived by the village economy;
c) to investigate the impact of MGNREGS on important variables like market wage rate, gender wage rate differentials, etc; and
d) to examine the scope for coordinating MGNREGS work with cultivation activities.

**Methodology:**

a) The present study makes use of both primary and secondary data. The secondary data has been used to study the trends in days of employment generated and wages received by wage-seekers at the state-level, regional-level and district level. Further, regression analysis has been used to study the impact of MGNREGS on market wage rate and gender wage differentials. In the analysis, both slope and intercept variables have been incorporated. Two performance indicators, viz. (1) Number of days of employment generated per household and (2) Average wage rate per person per day have been used to select three districts, i.e. (1) A district having relatively higher employment, (2) A District having average employment, and (3) A district having relatively lower employment. Accordingly, the three selected districts are: (1) Ranga Reddy, (2) Nizamabad, and (3) Warangal. Within each selected district, two mandals have been selected. Further, within each selected mandal, one village is selected. In all, six villages have been selected for the study.

**Status:** Field work is in progress
Unions, New Forms of Collectives in Kuttanad, Alappuzha and Diverse Narratives of Development in Kerala: Representation, Negotiation and Agency

- **Sponsoring Agency** Indian Council of Social Science Research, New Delhi
- **Project Director** Dr. Meera Velayudhan, Post Doctoral Fellow
- **Expected date of project completion**: November 2015
- **Objectives**: Analysis of institutions (established Trade Unions of agricultural workers, coir workers, fish workers, middle and large farmers) who are now major political actors and of the new forms of collectives since 1990s. This study will consider (a) how they mediate struggles and the agency of actors; (b) how differential interests, in particular caste and gender, are represented, negotiated and contended; (c) experiential aspects at varied levels of the collectives and forms of exclusions. The study will focus on the post-1980s period but locate it historically as well as within the ongoing public debate on land use and agrarian distress in Kuttanad and on the future of traditional industries such as coir, in Alleppey and the diverse and contending narratives of development in contemporary Kerala.
- **Methodology**: After the identification of varied forms of organisations, interviews have been conducted with leaders, including individual interviews and FGDs with women activists of older institutions (established Trade Unions and forums of agricultural workers, coir workers, fish workers, forums of middle and large farmers), mainly in Kuttanad, as well as leaders of newer forms of organizations linked with the local governance processes - panchayat presidents and secretaries, NREGA forum, Kudumbashree, Mahila Sangam.

- **Status**: Field work is in progress.

**DISPLACEMENT AND RESETTLEMENT:**

Measuring Institutionalized Capacities for Development Projects in India

- **Sponsoring Agency**: Indian Council of Social Science Research, New Delhi
- **Project Director** Prof. Kalpana Kannabiran, Regional Director
- **Associated Academic Staff** Dr. Sujit Kumar Mishra, Associate Professor
• **Expected Date of Project Completion:** January 2015

• **Objectives:**
  a) To examine what went wrong in converting the resettlement policies of Orissa, Andhra Pradesh and Chhattisgarh into practice;
  b) to examine the rationale behind variation in project specific policies on Resettlement and Rehabilitation (R and R);
  c) to examine the key factors (policies, institutions and information) that determine differences in outcome of Rehabilitation

• **Methodology:** The study will adopt a three-pronged approach for collection of information: (a) a field survey; (b) collection of data from secondary sources and discussion with officials in government, non-officials and local leaders in the study area; and (c) Focus Group Discussion with various stakeholders. The interviews will aim to capture the effects of displacement on the studied community, strategies employed by local people to deal with the situation. For this analysis, the qualitative answers will be coded into a set of defining variables. All variables will be cross-checked against each other to search for potential trends in the material. FGDs in the villages (separately for men and women) include interviews with sarpanch, block development officers, leaders in the village including Self Help Group (SHG) leaders, officials of different banks in the concerned area. Specific case studies will also be undertaken as part of the study.

• **Status:** Checklist preparation for preliminary survey is completed

**MARKETING OF GI PRODUCTS:**

**Willingness to Pay for GI Products in India: The Case of Darjeeling Tea and Pochampally Ikat**

• **Sponsoring Agency** ICSSR under Research Promotion Scheme

• **Project Director** Dr. Soumya Vinayan, Assistant Professor

• **Expected Date of Project Completion:** June 2014

• **Objectives:**
  a) To determine and estimate the WTP of consumers for origin labeled / GI products.
  b) To estimate the WTP for Darjeeling Tea (agricultural product) and Pochampally Ikat (non-agricultural product).
Methodology:

a) Experimental Design: The present study made use of the tools of survey design, statistical experimental design, experimental economics theory and the random nth price auction to elicit consumers’ willingness to pay for products of geographical origin; registered GI; and with and without GI logo.

b) Experimental Units: The participants for the auction will be selected through advertisements in and around centres of higher education in Hyderabad. Higher education institutes are chosen because they best represent national and local as well as international consumers, given the characteristics of the GI products for which the consumers’ WTP are being elicited and estimated.

Status: Data entry completed by March 2014 and report writing for all States is in progress.

Sponsoring Agency: Indian Council of Social Science Research, New Delhi

Project Director: Dr. Pratyusna Patnaik, Assistant Professor (till 8 February 2014)

Expected date of project completion: December 2014

Objectives:

a) To explore the differential patterns of dependency of groups, based on gender, caste and ethnicity on forest;

b) To analyse the implications of presence and/or absence of groups based on gender, caste and ethnicity on forest governance, in terms of better forest conservation and equitable benefit distribution;

c) To explore the exclusionary practices that affect the involvement of groups based on gender, caste and ethnicity in forest governance.

Methodology: A combination of case study and interview methods was used for the study. The empirical work for the research project has been carried out in the state of Orissa. From among the 30 districts of Orissa, Nayagarh district is chosen as the study district, from which the villages for empirical observation were drawn. Adopting Purposive Sampling method, two villages were chosen from the Nayagarh
district. From the two chosen villages, 50 households are selected from each village purposively, ensuring that the sample households should cover different caste and tribal groups. From among the total 100 chosen households, two respondents, i.e. a male and a female respondent are drawn from each household. Therefore, in total, 100 male and 100 female respondents are interviewed from the two selected villages. The total sample of the study constituted 3 sets of respondents: Office bearers of the FRCs, and other officials concerned with implementation of FRA, 2006 in the region; 200 respondents chosen from the 100 households of the two villages; Other key respondents, such as local Panchayat representatives, school teachers, members of youth clubs, and representatives of NGOs related with participatory forest governance in the region.

- **Status:** Empirical data collection is over. Data compilation and tabulation is also over. Data analysis and Report writing are in progress.

**Financial Globalisation and India: Internal and External Dimensions**

- **Sponsoring Agency:** Indian Council of Social Science Research under Sponsored Research Programme
- **Project Director** Dr. Rohit, Assistant Professor, Jawaharlal Nehru University (through CSD, Hyderabad)
- **Associated Academic Staff** Dr. Prasenjit Bose Mr. Kingshuk Roy
- **Date of Project Completion** November 2015

- **Objectives:** The Project aims at assessing the extent of “financialisation” of the Indian economy and its implications, through an analysis of its macroeconomic variables as well as the behaviour of banks, other financial institutions, non-financial corporate sector and households. The external dimension, in terms of the quantum and nature of capital flows and its impact on the exchange rate and the external sector balance, shall also be analysed. The project shall examine whether the process of “financialisation” in India carries the risks of increasing financial fragility and crisis, as was witnessed in the advanced economies and many other developing countries under financial globalisation, and draw possible policy conclusions with regard to financial regulation.
• **Methodology:**
  
a) The research would involve analysis of global financial and macroeconomic data as well as macro-economic and financial data for the Indian economy related to overall and sectoral growth, investment, consumption, credit, corporate finance, household savings, capital flows, balance of payments etc. In some cases, macro-economic and financial data of OECD and other Emerging Economies can be used. The period of analysis will mainly be from 1990 to the current period.

b) Standard sources for global financial and economic data are the IMF, BIS, World Bank, UNCTAD and OECD; Data from the Mckinsey Global Institute and the RAVE database of Credit Suisse may also have to be accessed. For India the data sources would be RBI, Ministry of Finance, SEBI, CSO, NSSO, CMIE Prowess etc. Most of this data is available online; In some cases, like the IMF Corporate Vulnerability Database or CMIE Prowess database would have to be purchased.

c) Statistical Tables and Charts shall be used extensively; Mathematical modeling and Econometric analysis may be undertaken.

• **Status:** Review of literature/data sources and theoretical analysis are in progress.
ADVOCACY

The Council organises seminars, workshops and discourses on important issues of social development
Seminar/Workshop
CSD- New Delhi

The Emerging Challenges of Indian Agriculture with special reference to Institutional Credit and Farm Distress

- **Dates:** 6-7 June, 2013
- **Seminar Coordinators:**
  Dr. T. Haque and Ms. Ankita Goyal

- **Objectives:**
  a) to discuss the problems of small and marginal farmers in accessing institutional credit and
  b) to work out strategies for improving small farmers’ access to institutional credit for productivity enhancement in agriculture.

- **Important participants:**
  Shri Tariq Anwar, Hon’ble Minister of State for Agriculture and Food Processing;
  Dr. Prakash Bakshi, Chairman, NABARD;
  Mr. JNL Srivastava, Managing Director, IFFCO foundation,
  Mr. Y. C. Nanda, former Chairman NABARD,
  Prof. Utsa Patnaik, JNU,
  Prof. Ramesh Chand, NCAP,
  Dr. Biswajit Dhar, RIS,
  Dr. Dalip Singh, Additional Secretary to Govt. Of India, Dept. Of Agriculture and Co-operation
  Mr. Sunrinder Singla, former Finance Minister of Punjab.

- **Conclusions and Recommendations:**
  a) Despite a significant increase in the institutional credit and flow to agriculture in the past few years, small and marginal farmers do not generally have access to institutional credit, especially from Commercial Banks.
  b) Due to the increase in cost of production, small and marginal farmers are finding it difficult to continue in agriculture, especially when the institutional credit facility is highly inadequate and inefficient.
  c) Even though, according to the government, a large number of Kisan Credit Cards have been issued, in reality, as evident from various field researches, majority
of the farmers did not receive the cards so far.

d) Due to changes in the definition of agriculture in recent years, it is the large farmers and some agri-business companies, who are cornering the major benefit of institutional credit.

e) It was observed that the women-headed households were more deprived of credit than male headed households. It implies that the destitute and needy are being excluded and thus inclusive growth is not happening.

f) The common way ahead, that was suggested, was offering remunerative prices to the farmers for crops and the strengthening of cooperatives and banks to give easier and timely access to loans to small and marginal farmers.

International Summit on Empowerment of Rural Women jointly organized by CSD and AIWC

- Dates: 2-3rd, September, 2013
- Seminar Coordinators: Dr. T. Haque, Ms. Bina Jain and Ms. Jaya Lekshmi Nair

• Objectives:
  To discuss and identify:
  a) The nature and extent of gender disparities in development in developing countries
  b) The status of land rights of women
  c) Role of local level institutions, including SHGs, co-operatives, local self-government etc. in empowering rural women
  d) Status and constraints to rural women’s access to employment, education and health
  e) Field level success stories in different countries in empowering rural women

• Important Participants:
  Smt. Shiela Dixit, Chief Minister, New Delhi
  Dr. M. S. Swaminathan, President, MS Swaminathan Foundation
  Ms. Lise Grande, UN Resident Coordinator and UNDP Resident Representative
  Dr. Rebecca Tavares, Country Representative, UN Women Office
  Mr. Tim Hanstad, President & CEO, Landesa
  Dr. Peter E Kenmore, FAO Representative
  Mr. Eng. Wassfi Hassan, Secretary General, AARDO
  Dr. P. K. Joshi, Director IFPRI, in South Asia
  Prof. Nitya Rao, Prof. of Gender and Development, University of East
Conclusions and Recommendations:

a) All rural women, single or married or divorced, should be entitled to own at least 10 cents of homestead land in their names, which will provide them basic right to shelter plus some additional space to grow/rear fruits, vegetables, poultry, goat etc. for food and nutritional security, for which the Governments concerned should make necessary legal and administrative arrangements.

b) All women farmers should be entitled to obtain certain basic inputs and support services form the Government in a subsidized manner.

c) All girls in the age group of 5-20 years should have a right to free quality education up to higher secondary level for which the Governments of respective countries should make appropriate legal and administrative provisions.

d) Government, in developing countries, should make adequate investment to create physical infrastructure of schools up to the higher secondary level along with trained / skilled teachers, where both girls and boys can get educated.

e) The rural health care facilities, drinking water and sanitation should be adequately improved, which will make both women and men healthy and more productive.

f) Rural women should be encouraged and assisted to form self help groups, co-operatives and associations which will empower them at home and outside, both socially and politically.

g) The success stories of some schemes in empowering rural women in each country should be properly documented, publicized and replicated on wider scale.

h) All national governments should create a statistical system for collecting gender disaggregated data which will help plan strategies and actions for empowerment of rural women.
i) There is need for a coordinated action by all concerned, namely government, civil societies, international organizations to do more research on issues affecting rural women’s empowerment and work out strategies and action plans for removing gender disparities in development as one of post-2015 millennium development goals.

Discussion on Challenges of Poverty Reduction, Food Security and Social Inclusion in SAARC Countries RPP-2009-10, organized jointly by CSD, Delhi and SAARC Secretariat, Kathmandu, Nepal.

- **Date**: 7th October, 2013
- **Seminar Coordinator**: Dr. T. Haque and Ms. Jaya Nair
- **Objectives**: To discuss the ‘Challenges of Poverty Reduction, Food Security and Social Inclusion in SAARC Countries’ based on the Regional Poverty Profile Report – (RPP) 2009-10 and SAARC Development Goals (SDGs) – 2007-12 and Achievements.

  - **Important Participants**: Prof. G. K. Chadha, President, South Asian University, New Delhi Dr. Ramesh Chand, Director, NCAP Mr. Eng. Wassfi Hassan, Secretary General, AARDO Dr. Manoj Panda, Director, IEG, Dr. Dhan Bahadul Oli, Director, SAARC Secretariat Dr. Y. B. Thapa, Poverty Alleviation Specialist, SAARC Secretariat.

  - **Conclusions and Recommendations**:
    a) Liberalise border trade in food articles;
    b) Reform and improve public distribution system of food;
    c) Maintain food price stability
    d) Empower rural women
    e) Address the problem of landlessness
    f) Promote joint action against threat of climate change and natural disasters

2nd Land Governance Assessment Framework (LGAF) Workshop

- **Dates**: 21-22nd October, 2013
- **Workshop Coordinators**: Dr. T. Haque, CSD Dr. B. L. Mishra, CIMP Dr. Debabrata Samanta, CIMP
Ms. Jaya Nair

- **Venue:** Chandra Gupta institute, Patna, Bihar.
- **Objectives:**

As part of the exercise to implement Land Governance Assessment Framework in select states in India, workshop was held after/before each main deliverable for a common understanding and clarification of issues faced by the implementing states. The second workshop in Patna helped in taking the process forward with agreed timelines and deliverables.

- **Important Participants:**

Chief Guest: Justice Mridula Mishra, Chairperson, Land Tribunal Bihar.
Dr. V. Mukunda Das, Director, CIMP, Bihar
Dr. C Ashok Vardhan, Chairman, Board of Revenue, Bihar
Dr. Klaus Deininger, Lead Economist, The World Bank, Washington, D.C.
Mr. Shankar Narayan, The World Bank, New Delhi
Ms. Smriti Talwar, The World Bank, New Delhi,
Mr. Rajeev Chawla, Principal Secretary, Govt. of Karnataka
Ms. Rita Sinha, Former Secretary, Deptt. Of Land Resources, Govt. of India

- **Conclusions and Recommendations:**

  a) Get a Core Team in each State and start functioning/ collecting and analyzing data on various indicators
  b) State Teams should have a time-line and TAG members will be monitoring the progress in each closely and on daily / weekly basis through telephonic conversation, video conferencing, email etc.
  c) State teams can approach any of the TAG members for any clarification or help.
  d) TAG members themselves will discuss the methodology or mode of operation and communicate to the state teams.
  e) Additional research may be conducted and if new relevant indicators are identified TAG can be consulted.
  f) Meeting with State officials for helping states can be organized by Dr. Haque.
  g) Request letter planned to be issued for accessing data from Secretary, DoLR, GoI, Planning Commission, National Statistical Institute etc. if required. Dr. Haque will follow up.
  h) Tenure Typology must be derived for general as well as region specific.
3rd Land Governance Assessment Framework (LGAF) Workshop

- **Dates:** 6-9th January, 2014
- **Workshop Coordinators:**
  Dr. T. Haque, CSD
  Dr. Suman Chandra, NIRD
- **Venue:** NIRD, Hyderabad
- **Objective:** The main objective was to reassess the progress made and to consolidate the learning’s from the LGAF process so far, for a uniform understanding of the way forward

- **Important Participants:**
  Shri M.V. Rao, Director-General, NIRD
  Dr. Klaus Deininger, Lead Economist, The World Bank, Washington, D.C.
  Ms. Thea Hilhorst, The World Bank, Washington, D.C.
  Ms. Smriti Talwar, The World Bank, New Delhi
  Mr. Vinod Agrawal, Principal Secretary, Revenue, Govt. of Andhra Pradesh
  Dr. Naresh Saxena, Former Secretary, Planning Commission, Govt. of India
  Mr. I.P. Gauam, Principal Secretary, Govt. of Gujarat
  Mr. Meenakshisundaram, Former Secretary, Deptt. Of Rural Development, Govt. of India
  Justice Bhraukha, Former Judge, Patna High Court
  Ms. Rita Sinha, Former Secretary, Deptt. Of Land Resources, Govt. of India

- **Conclusions and Recommendations:**
  a) A manual with explanatory notes and updated glossary should be shared with the state coordinators
  b) The current practice of holding weekly Skype calls with CSD and the World Bank may continue as they found this extremely helpful in gaining conceptual clarity and in communicating any issues in a periodic fashion.
  c) A meeting with TAG members and State coordinators be setup in Delhi on February 15th.
  d) Care has to be taken in strengthening and finalising the tenure typology, institutional mapping and other components of the inception report that will be used in the final report.
4th Land Governance Assessment Framework (LGAF) Workshop

- **Date:** 14th February, 2014
- **Venue:** IIC, New Delhi
- **Workshop Coordinators:**
  Dr. T. Haque and Ms. Jaya Nair
- **Objective:** The main objective of the workshop was to monitor the progress in implementation of LGAF across the selected states in India, to discuss the next steps and responsibility for preparing the national report and the time schedule.

- **Important Participants:**
  Ms. Vandana Kumari Jena, Secretary, DoLR, Ministry of Rural Development, Govt. of India;
  Dr. Klaus Deininger, LGAF Tea, leader, The World Bank, Washington;
  Mr. Shankar Narayan, The World Bank, Delhi; Ms. Smriti Talwar, The World Bank, Delhi
  Dr. N.C. Saxena, Former Secretary, Planning Commission, Govt. of India
  Ms. Rita Sinha, Former Secretary, Dept. Of Land Resource, Govt. of India
  Dr. I.P. Gautam, Principal Secretary, Govt. Of Gujrat
  Mr. Meenakshi Sundaram, former Secretary, Dept. Of Rural Development, Govt. of India
  Justice Bhraukha, Former Judge, Patna High Court

- **Conclusions and Recommendations:**
  a) State Coordinators with the guidance of TAG Members, need to review the report in the format that focus on the ranking with other supporting materials as Annexure. Then, the relevant TAG will review the report before it goes to stakeholders.
  b) Involve nodal officers in Bhubaneshwar workshop. The advantage is that the nodal person gets exposed to other States and they can identify good practices of other States.
  c) Conduct panel wise discussion and circulate the minutes to relevant TAG members.
  d) State Coordinator should send the list of panelists to TAG
Issues relating to ART and strategies for action

- **Date:** February 25th 2014
- **Venue:** May Day Caffe, Shadipur, New Delhi
- **Seminar Coordinators:** Dr. P.M. Arathi
- **Objectives:** Discuss the impact of commercialisation of new reproductive technologies
- **Important participants:** Malini Bhattacharya, Jyotsna Agnihotri Gupta, Sudha Sundararaman, Indu Agnihotri, Jagmati Sangwan
- **Conclusions and Recommendations:**
  a) Conduct an empirical study in Delhi to establish the linkages between transnational bio-cell Industry and local IVF Clinics.
  b) File a consumer protection case in the death of Yuma Sherpa during egg donation.
  c) Make sure that women groups are being heard by ICMR in the process of forming ART Act 2013.

Challenges of Accelerated and Inclusive Economic Growth in Bihar and Jharkhand
(in collaboration with the Council for Development of Bihar and Jharkhand)

- **Date:** 8th March, 2014
- **Venue:** Durgabai Deshmukh Lecture Hall
- **Seminar Coordinator:** Dr. T. Haque and Prof. Kamta Prasad
- **Objective:**
  a) To discuss the key challenges of accelerated growth in Bihar and Jharkhand
  b) To discuss whether the present growth process is inclusive and, if not, how to make it more inclusive

- **Important Participants**
  Prof. Abhijit Sen, Member, Planning Commission
  Prof. Muchkund Dubey, President, CSD
  Prof. Kamta Prasad, President, CDBJ
Mr. B.K Sinha, Former Secretary, Deptt. of Rural Development, Govt. of India  
Mr. A.N.P. Sinha, Chairman, Bihar Finance Commission and Former Secretary, Deptt. Of Panchayati Raj, Govt. of India  
Ms. Suman Kaushik, Advisor, Ministry of Rural Development, Govt. of India  

- **Conclusions and Recommendations:**

a) Bihar needs special package and special status. Besides, improvement in law and order; governance; people-centric political formation; and women centric development approach were required to facilitate accelerated growth.

b) In addition, small farmer-friendly institutional support system would be very helpful for the development of both Bihar and Jharkhand.

c) Further technological innovations; SRI methods of cultivation; non-farm development; rural electrification; road; education and skill upgradation; tenancy reform; drought proofing; proper credit supply; flood control; decentralized and improved governance are some of the ways to facilitate holistic development in Bihar and Jharkhand.

d) Moreover, human resource development and structural problem of inequality need to be addressed through appropriate policies and priorities.

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**CSD-HYDERABAD**

**Seminars/Lectures (Social Development Forum (SDF), CSD, New Delhi)**

SDF is a fortnightly forum in CSD, Delhi to discuss issues related to social development.

The following seminars/lectures were organised by SDF in the last one year:

i. “Union Budget 2013: A Social Development Assessment: on 11th April 2013

ii. “State versus People: India’s Northeast” on 25th April 2013

iii. “Crisis of the Indian Left and its Social Development Vision” on 8th August 2013

iv. Prof. Mark Juergensmeyer, Director, Orfalea Center for Global and International Studies, University of California, Santa Barbara on “Foreign Policy in Obama’s Second Term and its domestic dimensions” on 28th November 2013.

v. Sri Anand Swarup Verma, Senior journalist, Editor, Teesri Duniya on “Understanding Nepal Election Results” on 16th December 2013
vi. Dr. Surajit Deb, Consultant, CSD on “Social Development Index” on 16th January 2014

vii. Prof. Kamal Mitra Chenoy, Member, AAP on ‘Persepectives on Aam Aadmi Party” on 23rd January 2014

viii. Dr. Suranjit Saha, Department of Development Studies, University of Swansea, Wales, UK on “How to deal with Inequalities in Modern Democracies” on 7th February 2014

ix. Dr. Shamsul Bari, Former UNHCR Representative in India on “Gana Gaveshana: Theory and Methods of People’s Research – The Experience from Bangladesh” on 13th February 2014

x. Prof. Joan P. Mencher, Chair at the Second Chance Foundation in New York on “People Centered v/s Profit Centered Agriculture” on 28th February 2014

xi. Prof. Barbara Harriss-White, Emeritus Professor of Development Studies, Oxford University on “Innovations in Informal Economy” on 13th March 2014


Public Seminars/ Lectures organized by CSD, Hyderabad:

i. Nilanjan Sarkar, Kings India Institute, Kings College London, ‘Becoming History: A Severed Head in Early Modern India’ on 12 April 2013.


v. Prof. Joan P Mencher, Formerly Professor of Anthropology, City University of New York, ‘People Centered Agriculture vs. Profit Centered Agriculture or How to Feed Everyone’ on 10 February 2014.
Law and Literature Series
The Law and Literature Series in honour of K.G. Kannabiran (1929-2010), explores the complex and stunning interweaving of law with literature.

Public Events

Debate on’ Section 377 and the implications of the recent Supreme Court Judgment’ on 14 December 2013. The debate focused on understanding the judgment in comparison with the earlier judgment of the Delhi High Court in 2009.

Vakkumoolam and Sudalaiaamma by theatre group Marappachi

i. December 28-29, 2013 at Vidyaranya High School, Hyderabad. The 2013 Marappachi performance is the second event in the series which commenced in 2012.

ii. The two plays attempted to understand lives that were led in the shadow of state violence and pathy on the one hand and in the uneasy yet nurturing glow of sorrowing affection on the other. Both plays are fictional explorations of actual events.
The Council for Social Development organizes Training Programmes for government officials, university students, scholars and representatives of NGOs in order to equip them to carry out their research and field activities in a more effective and efficient manner.
New Delhi

Training Course on Research Methodology in Social Sciences

- **Dates:** September 18-28, 2013
- **Venue:** Durgabai Deshmukh Lecture Hall, CSD, New Delhi
- **Coordinator:** Ms. Purtika Kalra
- **Sponsoring Agency:** CSD
- **Objectives:** It is designed to help academic researchers/teachers in university colleges and research institutions as well as professionals in government organisations and NGOs in enhancing the knowledge of, and skills in, some of the widely applied survey research methods, basic statistical techniques through the use of Statistical Package for Social Sciences (SPSS) and scientific report writing.
- **Important Resource Persons:**
  a) Prof. Vinay Kumar Srivastava, Department of Anthropology, University of Delhi
  b) Dr D.N. Das, Assistant Professor, Centre for the Study of Regional Development, Jawaharlal Nehru University
c) Dr Thaneswar Bir, Professor, National Institute of Health & Family Welfare (NIHFW) New Delhi
d) Dr. Seema Jaggi, Principal Scientist, Indian Agricultural Statistics Research Institute
  e) Dr. V. K. Sharma, Indian Agricultural Statistics Research Institute
- **Number of Participants:** 9
study of Scheduled Tribes/ Scheduled Castes, Sampling: Methods, Selection and Errors, Statistical tools and Statistical packages for Social Sciences (SPSS).

- **Outcomes:** At the end of the programme, the participants had enhanced capacity to carry out social science research projects on a scientific basis, could articulate their findings and conclusions in an effective manner, and were able to make suggestions and recommendations for policy changes in the desired direction.

**Training Workshop on Capacity Building for Resettlement Management**

- **Dates:** 9-13 December 2013
- **Venue:** IIC Annexe
- **Sponsoring Agency:** CSD, New Delhi

- **Objectives:** The objectives of this training workshop are to develop resettlement, planning, implementation and monitoring skills of the participants and to familiarise them with the resettlement issues in development, methodology of assessing social impacts and planning, implementing and monitoring of resettlement projects, lessons of experience learned from various ongoing as well as completed projects

- **Important Resource Persons:**
  a) T K Oommen – distinguished social scientist and formerly with the Jawahar Lal Nehru University
  b) K B Saxena – currently Professor at CSD, Delhi, and former Secretary to the Government of India
  c) Shekhar Singh – former Professor at the Indian Institute of Public Administration, served as Adviser to Planning Commission and Consultant to World Bank and Food and Agricultural Organisation (FAO)
  d) Joseph Marianus Kujur – specialist on tribal issues, and currently associated with Indian Social Institute, Delhi
  e) Neeraj Kapoor - worked with National Thermal Power Corporation for more than two decades on projects involving resettlement issues
f) Afroz Ahmad – currently a senior official with the Narmada Valley Development Authority

g) Subhash Baxi – Col Bakshi is an independent consultant whose areas of specialization are resettlement creation of livelihoods

h) H Ramachandran – former Professor at the Delhi School of Economics, Delhi University. He also taught at Lal Bahadur National Academy of Administration, Mussoorie.

• **Number of Participants:** 22

• **Topics Covered:**
  a) Displacement and Resettlement in a Globalising World
  b) Acquisition of Private Land for Development Purposes
  c) Social Impact Assessment and Resettlement Planning
  d) Planning for Vulnerable Groups (Gender Concerns, Tribal Peoples’ Issues)
  e) Institutional Arrangements for Effective Resettlement Implementation
  f) Beyond Compensation: Emerging Approaches to Resettlement
  g) Stakeholder Participation in Resettlement
  h) The Role of NGOs in Resettlement
  i) Monitoring Resettlement Operations

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**Hyderabad**

**Training and Fellowship Programme for ST Lawyers**

- **Dates:**
  October 17-18, 2013
  November 25-26, 2013
  December 18-20, 2013
  January 17-18, 2014
  February 22-23, 2014

- **Coordinator:** Prof. Kalpana Kannabiran

- **Venue:** B.R. Ambedkar Seminar Hall, CSD, Hyderabad

- **Sponsoring Agency:** Indian Council of Social Science Research, New Delhi

- **Objectives:** To train and impart professional training and inputs to the tribal lawyers which empowers and makes them professionally enriched.

- **Important Resource Persons:**
  a) Prof. Kalpana Kannabiran
  b) Ms. Abha Singhal Joshi
  c) Ms. Seema Mishra
  d) Mr. Shaik Shariffuddin
  e) Mr. Raghu
  f) Ms. Kriti Sharma

• **Number of Participants:** 7
Five days Orientation Programme for Research Scholars and Faculty Members belonging to SC and Other Marginalised Groups in Social Sciences

- **Dates:** 10-14 June 2013
- **Coordinator:** Prof. Kalpana Kannabiran
- **Venue:** B.R. Ambedkar Seminar Hall, CSD, Hyderabad
- **Sponsoring Agency:** Indian Council of Social Science Research, New Delhi
- **Objectives:** The objective of the Orientation Programme is to build capacity of the scholars and faculty members to effectively work on social exclusion and marginalised communities
- **Important Resource Persons:**
  a) Prof. S. Subrahmanyam, Senior Consultant, NIRD, Hyderabad
  b) Smt. A. Bhattacharyya, General Manager, OBU, Reserve Bank of India, Hyderabad
  c) Prof. Kalpana Kannabiran, Regional Director, CSD, Hyderabad
  d) Dr. Sujit Kumar Mishra, Associate Professor, CSD, Hyderabad
  e) Dr. L. Reddeppa, Associate Professor, CSD, Hyderabad
  f) Dr. Vijay Korra, Assistant Professor, CSD, Hyderabad
  g) Dr. Sunny Jose, Associate Professor, TISS, Hyderabad
  h) Prof. V. Vishwa Mohan, Osmania University, Hyderabad
  i) Dr. Soumya Vinayan, Assistant Professor, CSD, Hyderabad
  j) Dr. Pratyusna Patnaik, Assistant Professor, CSD, Hyderabad
  k) Prof. Padmini Swaminathan, TISS, Hyderabad
  l) Sri G.J. Raju, Reserve Bank of India, Hyderabad
  m) Prof. S. Indrakant, RBI Chair Professor, CSD, Hyderabad
- **Number of Participants:** 18

Five days Orientation Programme for Research Scholars and Faculty Members belonging to SC and Other Marginalised Groups in Social Sciences

- **Dates:** 21-25 October 2013
- **Coordinator:** Prof. S. Indrakant, RBI Chair
- **Venue:** B.R. Ambedkar Seminar Hall, CSD, Hyderabad
- **Sponsoring Agency:** Indian Council of Social Science Research, New Delhi
- **Objectives:** The objective of the Orientation Programme is to build capacity of the scholars and faculty members to effectively work on social exclusion and marginalised communities.
• **Important Resource Persons:**
a) Prof. C. Beena, Director, ICSSR, SRC, Hyderabad
b) Prof. V. Vishwa Mohan, Osmania University, Hyderabad
c) Dr. N. Krishna Mohan, Chief General Manager & Banking Ombudsman-AP, RBI, Hyderabad
d) Dr. Renu Singh, Country Director, Young Lives India, New Delhi
e) Sri N. Gireesan, AGM, Rural Planning & Credit Department, RBI, Hyderabad
f) Prof. S. Indrakant, RBI Chair Professor, CSD, Hyderabad
g) Dr. L. Reddeppa, Associate Professor, CSD, Hyderabad
h) Dr. G.V. Satyanarayana, Assistant Professor, Centre for Information Technology, NIRD, Hyderabad
i) Dr. M. Vishnu Vardhana Rao, Scientist E & Deputy Director, NIN, Hyderabad
j) Dr. Subhrendu Bhattacharya, Commissioner of Inquiries, GAD, Hyderabad
k) Prof. S. Subrahmanymam, Senior Consultant, NIRD, Hyderabad
l) Prof. R. Radhakrishna, Chairman, Board of Governors, CESS, Hyderabad
m) Prof. N. Linga Murthy, Former Vice Chancellor, Kakatiya University, Warangal

• **Number of Participants:** 29

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**Capacity Building Programme for Social Science Faculty**

• **Dates:** January 27 – February 8, 2014
• **Coordinator:** Prof. Kalpana Kannabiran
• **Venue:** B.R. Ambedkar Seminar Hall, CSD, Hyderabad
• **Sponsoring Agency:** ICSSR, New Delhi
• **Objectives:** The primary objective of the course was to develop capabilities for research, teaching and writing through the use of interactive measures among young faculty, a majority of them were drawn from Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.

• **Important Resource Persons:**
a) Prof. Kalpana Kannabiran, Director, CSD, Hyderabad
b) Dr. Nagaraju Gundemeda, University of Hyderabad
c) Dr. Pratyusna Patnaik, CSD, Hyderabad
d) Prof. E. Haribabu, Pro-VC, University of Hyderabad
e) Prof. N. Sudhakar Rao, Dept of Anthropology, University of Hyderabad
f) Dr. Satyapriya Rout, Dept. of Sociology, University of Hyderabad
g) Dr. S. Srinivas Rao, ZHCES-JNU, New Delhi
h) Dr. Sujit Kumar Mishra, CSD, Hyderabad
i) Dr. Suryaprakash Upadhyay, TISS, Hyderabad
j) Dr. Rama Patnaik, IIM, Bangalore
k) Prof. S. Indrakant, RBI Chair Professor, CSD, Hyderabad
l) Dr. Romesh Singh, Dept. of Anthropology, University of Hyderabad
m) Prof. Chandrasekhar Bhat, Former Professor of Sociology, University of Hyderabad
n) Dr. Soumya Vinayan, CSD, Hyderabad
o) Mr. P. Kumar, CSD, Hyderabad
p) Dr. Shankar Chatterjee, NIRD, Hyderabad
q) Prof. Jandhyala Tilak, NUEPA, New Delhi

- **Number of Participants:** 13

Orientation Programme for Research Scholars and Faculty Members belonging to SC and Other Marginalised Groups

- **Dates:** March 10-14, 2014
- **Coordinator:** Prof. S. Indrakant, RBI Chair
- **Venue:** B.R. Ambedkar Seminar Hall, CSD, Hyderabad
- **Sponsoring Agency:** ICSSR
- **Objectives:** The objective of the Orientation Programme is to build capacity of the scholars and faculty members to effectively work on social exclusion and marginalised communities

- **Important Resource Persons:**
  a) Dr. Rama Patnaik, IIM, Bangalore
  b) Prof. Kalpana Kannabiran, Director, CSD, Hyderabad
  c) Prof. S. Indrakant, RBI Chair Professor, CSD,
  d) Dr. Sujit Kumar Mishra, Associate Professor, CSD, Hyderabad
  e) Mr. P. Kumar, Assistant Programmer, CSD, Hyderabad
  f) Dr. Vishnu Vardhan Rao, Scientist
  g) ‘E’ & Deputy Director, NIN, Hyderabad
  h) Prof. D. Narasimha Reddy, ICSSR National Fellow, CSD, Hyderabad
  i) Dr. K. Muthyam Reddy, Professor of Economics (Retd.), Osmania University, Hyderabad
  j) Prof. R. Siva Prasad, Head, Dept. of Anthropology, HCU
  k) Dr. S. Surapa Raju, Assistant Professor, CSD, Hyderabad
  m) Dr. Pakki Reddy, Executive Director, Agri Biotech Foundation, Hyderabad

- **Number of Participants:** 23
PUBLICATIONS

Important concerns in social development are addressed in books, reports, monographs and the quarterly journal of the Council
**BOOKS:**

Marginalisation, Development and Resistance: Essays in tribute to S R Sankaran, Vol-I

The Crisis of Development


**OCCASIONAL PAPERS:**

Hyderabad Social Development Papers, Vol. 2.

- a) Soumya Vinayan: “Geographical Indications in India: An Overview of Issues and Challenges”
- c) S. Surapa Raju: “Credit Institutions and Fishing Households: A Study of Fishers in Coastal Andhra Pradesh”
- d) Kalpana Kannabiran: “Who is a ‘Worker’? Problematising ‘Ability’ in the Conceptualisation of Labour”
- e) Smriti Sharma: “Atrocities against Adivasis in India: A Statistical and Institutional Analysis”

**MONOGRAPH:**

Agricultural Development in Bihar: Challenges & Opportunities

By Dr. T. Haque

Three Essays on Constitutional Morality

By Prof. B.N. Yugandhar

**Journal: Social Change**

‘Social Change’ is the quarterly journal of the Council for Social Development. It publishes problem-oriented, empirically-grounded analytical papers, theoretical essays and policy discussions in the field of social change and development. Social Change was published as scheduled and the June, 2013 volume was a special issue based on papers presented in CSD’s National Seminar on ‘Strengthening of Public Sector Health System for Universal Access to Health Care (UAHC)’. 
OTHER
ACTIVITIES

Some of the other important activities of the Council are taking part in events, networking with other organizations, organizing memorial lectures and providing library facilities
**MEMORIAL LECTURES**

**C.D. Deshmukh Memorial Lecture**

The 12th C. D. Deshmukh Memorial Lecture on “Minority Rights under the Indian Constitution: A Trilogy of Judicial Errors” was delivered by Prof. Dr. Faizan Mustafa, Vice Chancellor, NALSAR University of Law on March 29, 2014 at CSD-SRC, Hyderabad. Dr. P.M. Bhargava, Distinguished Scientist and Chairman of Managing Committee, CSD, Hyderabad presided over the function.

**Durgabai Deshmukh Memorial Lecture**

The 2013 Durgabai Deshmukh Memorial Lecture on Growth and Its Pro-poor Character in India, was delivered by Prof. Sukhadeo Thorat, Chairman, ICSSR, at the India International Centre, New Delhi, on July 15, 2013. Mr. Najeeb Jung, the Lieutenant Governor of Delhi presided over the function.

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**LIBRARY**

**Professor Amar Kumar Singh Library, New Delhi**

The Professor Amar Kumar Singh Library (PAKSL) at CSD, Delhi has a total of 9815 books. During the period April 2013 to March 2014, 134 new titles were acquired. The collection is housed subject-wise under three major streams, viz. Social Sciences, Environmental Sciences and Humanities.

The Library subscribes to 33 periodicals, 17 daily newspapers and one online database (Economic and Political Weekly). It also receives more than 13 journals / periodicals on complimentary basis or on exchange with CSD’s journal SOCIAL CHANGE.

During 2013-14 the library operations were automated using LIBMAN -- an integrated library software. It maintains catalogue database of books, SOCIAL CHANGE articles, reports and periodicals, accessible through the Council’s Local Area Network (LAN).

The library is an Institutional member of DELNET and NASSDOC and a corporate member of the Central Secretariat Library, New Delhi.
Besides their research work, the faculty members of the Council are involved in delivering lectures, attending seminars and writing articles for journals and books.
CSD, New Delhi

Dr. T. Haque

Publications
Papers/Articles

i) ‘Challenges of Agriculture in India’ in a book titled India’s National Security published by Routledge India, 2013 (Edited by Prof. Satish Kumar)

ii) Theory and Practice of Agricultural Land Leasing in India’, Yojana, November, 2013


iv) ‘Empowerment of Rural Women in Developing Countries: Challenges and Pathways’ (edited volume) – Accepted for publication as a book by the Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi.

v) ‘Agricultural Development in Bihar: Challenges and opportunities’ (CSD working paper)


Lectures Delivered


ii) Impact of AP licensed cultivators Act, CESS Hyderabad, April 05, 2013.

iii) Towards an inclusive Agricultural Growth in India, Aligarh Muslim University, Aligarh, May 01, 2013

iv) ‘Viability of small and marginal Farms’ – lecture delivered at the School of Social Sciences, JNU on July 16, 2013.


Seminar/Workshop Attended


iii. Chaired a session on ‘Income Security for Agricultural Households’ at the National Seminar on Sustainable Agriculture, organised by Asha at JNU, New Delhi on September 6, 2013.


vi. Participated as a Guest of honour and speaker at the Summit on Progressive Punjab, organised by Govt. of Punjab, at Chandigarh Feb. 19, 2014.


xi. Participated in the workshop on ‘Challenges of Accelerated and Inclusive Growth in Bihar and Jharkhand’ at CSD on March 8, 2014 (in collaboration with the Council for Social Development of Bihar and Jharkhand).

Award of Honour
Received award of honour from the Chief Minister of Punjab for outstanding contribution to Agricultural Development on Feb 19, 2014

Membership of Professional Bodies/Expert Group
i. Served as member of the Evaluation Committee to review the working of the Institute of Applied Manpower Research, set up by the Planning Commission, Govt. of India, September – November, 2013.

ii. Member, Expert Group to suggest measures to ameliorate economic distress of farmers, set up by Govt. of Punjab on March, 3, 2014.
Prof. Manoranjan Mohanty

Publications

Book
i. *Ideology Matters: China from Mao Zedong to Xi Jinping* (New Delhi: Aakar Books, 2014)

Papers/Articles
i. “Political Discourse on Public Sector Reforms in India and China in Kjeld Erik Brodsgaard” (ed), *Public Sector Reforms in China and India* (New York: Routledge, 2014)
ii. ‘Human rights Movement in Post-Independence Odisha’ in Odia language, in Brajanath Rath and Bijay Upadhyay (Eds) *People’s Movements in Post-Independence Odisha (Swadhinottara Odishare Jana Andolan)* (Balasore: Abhijatri Prakashan, 2013)
iii. ‘Creative Interculturalism: Tan Chung’s Geo-civilisational Paradigm’
v. ‘Xi Jinping and the Chinese Dream’, *Economic and Political Weekly*, vol. XLVIII No. 38 (September 21, 2013) pp 34-40

Book Review

Lectures Delivered
i. ‘China’s Success Trap: Lessons for Development Theory’ – Foundation Day Lecture at Madras Institute of Development Studies on 16 April 2013 (Chennai: MIDS, 2013)
ii. ‘Interpreting the rise of China and India’, 20 December 2013, Jinan University, Guangzhou, Institute of China-India Studies,
iii. ‘Recent Developments in India-China Relations’, 21 December 2013, Sun Yatsen University, Guangzhou, School of Afro-Asian Studies,
iv. ‘The Nelson Mandela Legacy’, 12 January 2014, Odisha Gabeshana Chakra, Utkal University, Bhubaneswar,
v. ‘Odisha’s Poverty: historical and contemporary dimensions’, 22 January 2014, Distinguished lecture at Sambalpur University
vi. ‘Justice and Social Movements in India’, 6 March 2014, Inaugural Lecture at the National Seminar on Inclusion, Pondicherry University, Department of Sociology
vii. Distinguished lecture on “Historical Emergence of Creative Theory”, 4 April 2014, Central University of Gujarat, Gandhinagar
Seminar/Workshop Attended
i. National seminar of CSD on “Educational Visions for India”, held on 15-16 July 2013,
ii. Beijing Forum, Peking University, presented a paper on Nov. 1-3, 2013
iii. Key-note address at the national conference on Human Rights of Dalits, Tribals and Minorities in India, at Central University of Gujarat, Ahmedabad on November 21, 2013.
v. Participated in the National Seminar on State and Development in South Asia, University of Delhi, Feb. 28, 2014.

Prof. Praful Bidwai

Publications
Book

Prof. K.B. Saxena

Publications
Book

Prof. Imrana Qadeer

Publications
i. *India Social development Report 2014: Challenges for Public Health in India*, Oxford University Press(Upcoming), edited
iii. ‘Social responsibility of corporate sector’ published in IDFC Annual Report by IDFC (Upcoming)
iv. ‘Medical Tourism in India: Perceptions of Physicians in Tertiary Care Hospitals’ (Co-authored with Sunita Reddy), *Philosophy, Ethics and Humanities in Medicine*, Dec 2013
v. ‘Universal Health Care: Panacea for Whom?’, *IJPH*, Dec 2013, Vol 57
vi. ‘Universal Health Care: A Trojan Horse of Neo-liberal Policies’, *Social Change*, Vol 43 No 2

Membership of Professional Bodies/Expert Group
Nominated as a Member, Scientific Advisory Board, Indian Council for Medical Research
Dr. Ashok Pankaj

Publications

Book

Subalternity Exclusion and Social Change in India (co-ed.) (Delhi: Cambridge University Press, 2014).

Papers/Articles


iii. “Understanding Subalternity, Exclusion and Social Change in India” in Subalternity, Exclusion and Social Change in India eds by Ashok K Pankaj and Ajit K Pandey (Delhi: Cambridge University Press, 2014).


Book Reviews


Lectures Delivered

i. Delivered lectures on research methodology in a research methodology workshop organized by Council for Social Development, New Delhi at CSD on 27th and 28th September 2013.

ii. Delivered lectures on research methodology in a research methodology workshop organized by Centre for Research in Rural and Industrial Development, sponsored by ICSSR North Western centre at CRIID, Chandigarh on the 12th November 2013.

Dr. Arathi P. M.

Publications

Papers/Articles


ii. ‘Legislating Abortion in India: Analysis of parliamentary Debates of Medical Termination of
Pregnancy Act, 1971’, *Samyukata*, Gender Studies Journal (Upcoming)


iv. ‘Infant mortality in Attappadi tribal area due to malnourishment’ in Azhimukham http://www.azhimukham.com/next/682/azhimukham

v. An Interview with Soni Sori, the tribal woman leader, published as a cover story in a leading Malayalam weekly, Madhyamam. http://www.madhyamam.com/weekly/2681

**Book Reviews**

i. “Nine Degrees of Justice: New Perspective on Violence Against Women in India” *Social Change*, Vol 43, No 4


**Papers Presented**

i. ‘Invisibilising Women’s Labour in the Neo-colonial Regime: A Critical Analysis of Work and Work Participation of Women in India’ presented at the Annual Conference of Indian Political Economy Association with Anamika Priyadarshini at Hyderabad, 9-10 November, 2013


iii. ‘Understanding the Violated Bodies: The Question of Resistance and Consent’ presented at a roundtable on “The Suryanelli Case: The Willing Journey of a Misguided Girl”, organised by the Centre for the Study of Developing Societies(CSDS), New Delhi on 29th April 2014

Seminar/Workshop Attended
i. “From Margins to the centre - The Study of reproductive Health In India, 1977-2000” organised by University of Warwick and Jawaharlal Nehru University; September 16th, 2013
ii. Attended as a resource person the workshop on ‘Methodologies and framework for Regional Modernity’, conducted by the Kerala modernity study group conducted at Calicut, Kerala 17-25th of June, 2014

Ms. Anamika Priyadarshini

Publications
Book

Book Review
(2013 expected) “Radical Rabindranath: Nation, family and gender in Tagore’s fiction and films”. In Social Change, 43 (3).

Papers Presented

Seminar/Workshop Attended
v. “New Cultures of the Left”, held at JNU on 3-5 April 2013.
vi. “The Emerging Challenges of Indian Agriculture” held at IIC (Annexe) on 6-7 June, 2013

Ms. Jaya Lekshmi Nair

Publications
i. Co-authored a paper with Dr. T. Haque titled “Ensuring and Protecting the Land Leasing Rights of Poor Women in India’, which was presented at the World Bank’s Land and Poverty
Seminar, 2014 at Washington, D.C. by Dr. Haque.

ii. Co-authored a paper with Dr. Haque titled “Lease Farming as a Livelihood Option for Rural landless Women – A Case study in Kerala” in T. Haque Edited Volume on Empowerment of Rural Women in Developing Countries – Challenges and Pathways under publication by Concept Publication, Delhi.

Ms. Ankita Goyal

Publications
Papers/Articles
i. Bt cotton – A Status Report (co-authored with Dr. Mondira Bhattacharya), in Agricultural Situation in India, April (2013). published by the Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India.

ii. ‘Agriculture Credit and the Indiscernible beneficiaries’ in the ‘Survey of Indian Agriculture 2014’, published by The Hindu.

Report

Mr. Ambarish Rai

Seminar/Workshop Attended

ii. National Steering Committee Meeting on Civil Strife at NUEPA on June 13, 2013

iii. Jan Samvad on Status of Grievance Redressal Mechanism for RTE Act in Delhi on June 26, 2013

Mr. Ajai K Rai

Lectures Delivered
i. Lectured to IFS probationers at Foreign Service Institute on March 21,2014 on ‘ Rethinking India’s No-first Use Policy: Implications for South Asian Security ‘

ii. Participated in a discussion organised by BBC (Hindi Service) on March 8, 2014 at its Delhi studio.
CSD, Hyderabad

Kalpana Kannabiran

Publications

Book


Papers/Articles


iii. “Talks with Maoists not a trap”, Debate @ The Hindu, 4 July 2013


vi. “Atrocities that no longer shock”, The Hindu, 15 October 2013


Book Reviews


Lectures Delivered


iv. “Constitutional Morality and Imagination of Justice”, Lecture-cum-Felicitation Programme to the Amartya Sen Award Winners, University of Hyderabad, 30 July 2013


vi. “Section 377: Heterosexism, Homophobia and an Anti-homophobic Inquiry and Rape Laws, Feminine Modesty & Response”, Dept. of Sociology,
University of Hyderabad, 24 September 2013.

vii. Valedictory Address, South Zone Regional Meeting on DNT Issues for Tribal Policy, Henry Martyn Institute, 27 October 2013.

viii. “Significance of Critical Pedagogy on Caste and Gender”, Department of Sociology, University of Hyderabad, 17 February 2014.

Papers Presented

i. “A Bill of Rights for Women? Discrimination, Liberty and the Imagination of Justice”, International Conference on Inequality, Mobility and Sociality in Contemporary India South Asia Studies Council and the MacMilan Centre, Yale University, USA, 26-28 April 2013.


Sujit Kumar Mishra, Associate Professor

Publications

Papers/Articles


Lectures Delivered

i. “Displacement and Rehabilitation”, Refresher Course in Economics in Academic Staff College, University of Hyderabad, October 21, 2013.

ii. “Feminist Perspectives on Women, Gender and Society” for M. Phil (Women’s Studies) from TISS, Hyderabad.


Papers Presented

S. Surapa Raju

Publications
Papers/Articles


Lectures Delivered
i. “Questionnaire Design and Data Collection” in the Second Modular Course for Ph.D. Social Science Students, March 3-7, 2014.

ii. “Climate Variations and its Impact on Fishers” to Research Scholars & Faculty Members in Social Sciences, March 10-14, 2014

Papers Presented

i. “Comparative Economics of Small-scale Fishing Crafts in Bay of Bengal”, International Conference on Small-scale Fisheries Governance: Development for Wellbeing and Sustainability, Centre for Economic and Social Studies, Hyderabad December 10-13, 2013.


Seminar/Workshop Attended

i. Workshop on Rural and Unorganized Labour, National Institute of Rural Development, Hyderabad, 28-29 June 2013

ii. Training on Gender and Combating Child Marriage for Anganwadi and Government High


**Pratyusna Patnaik**

**Publications**

**Papers/Articles**


**Papers Presented**


**Award of Honour**

Indo-Thai Visiting Fellowship under the Bilateral Exchange Programme of Indian Council of Social Science Research (ICSSR), New Delhi and National Research Council of Thailand (NRCT), Bangkok to carry out Empirical Research on 'Conflict and Co-existence in Protected Areas: Study of Mae-Tho National Park in Chiang Mai Province, Northern Thailand'.

**Coordination of Academic Event**

Capacity Building Programme for Faculty in Social Sciences, sponsored by ICSSR, New Delhi, 27 January – 8 February 2014.

**Soumya Vinayan**

**Publications**

**Book**


**Lectures Delivered**

i. “GI Protection in Agriculture”, Programme of Short Course on “Managing IP under PVP and PGR” at Directorate of Sorghum Research (Indian Council for Agricultural Research), Hyderabad, 21 May 2013.

ii. “Intellectual Property Rights and Livelihoods: Geographical Indications in India”, Department
of Communications, University of Hyderabad, 12 August, 2013.

iii. Series of lectures for M.Phil in Women’s Studies in collaboration with TISS, Hyderabad for the course titled Feminist Perspectives on Women, Gender and Society, August – September 2013.


vii. “Collection of data at field level” during a field visit to Pochampally with participants of Research Methodology Training Course in Social Science for Ph.D students organized by Centre for the Study of Social Exclusion and Inclusive Policy, University of Hyderabad on January 26, 2014.

Seminar/Workshop Attended


ii. National Seminar on Agricultural Risk Management – Challenges and Strategies in Making Small and Marginal Farm Holdings Sustainable and Profitable organized by Centre for Good Governance, Hyderabad in association with the National Institute of Rural Development (NIRD), Hyderabad (January 3-4, 2014).

Membership of Professional Bodies/Expert Group

Member, Interview Panel of M.A. in Women Studies, Tata Institute of Social Sciences, Hyderabad on March 26-27, 2013.

Sambaiah Gundimeda

Publications

Papers/Articles


iii. “Caste Calculations of the Congress in Andhra Pradesh”, Economic and Political Weekly, 19


**Seminar/Workshop Attended**


**Award of Honour**


**Suresh Jagannadham**

**Publications**

**Papers/Articles**


ii. “Bharat ke Vimukth Avam Khanabadosh Janajaatiyaan”, Yuddarath Aam Aadami, April-June 2013, 1, (5), pp. 08-09.

iii. “Adivasi Samajik Vyavastha Ka Gothra Paksh”, Yuddarath Aam Aadami, July-September 2013,1, (5), pp. 54-56.


**Lectures Delivered**


**Seminar/Workshop Attended**

i. Chaired a Session “Adivasi Languages, Literature and Art” in National Seminar on Dalit and Adivasi Literature & Art, Centre for Dalit & Adivasi Studies and Translation, University of Hyderabad, 2-3 May 2013.

Centre for Dalit & Adivasi Studies and Translation, University of Hyderabad, on 24-25 July 2013.

Papers Presented


Sandhya Maliye

Publications
Papers/Articles

Lectures Delivered
“Qualitative Research Techniques” for the Research Scholars, at CSD, Feb 5th, 2014.

Seminar/Workshop Attended
i. The National Seminar “The Impact of MGNREGS on Rural Development”, organized by Government Degree College, Gajwel, Andhra Pradesh and co organized by CSD (September 6-7th 2013).


iii. Speaker, Seminar on “Women’s Empowerment: Issues and Challenges” at University College for Women, Kakatiya University, March 6th, 2014.

Papers Presented
i. “Sustainable Development through MGNREG Program: Is it Possible?” at National Seminar on the Impact of MGNREGS on Rural Development, Government Degree College, Gajwel, Andhra Pradesh, 6-7 September 2013 (Co-author: Satyam Sunkari)

Satyam Sunkari

Publications
Papers/Articles


Lectures Delivered


Papers Presented
i. ‘Policy of Forest Development and Participation of Forest Dependent Tribal People: A Study in Andhra Pradesh’, National Consultation on Repositioning Tribal Question for Public Policy, Indian Institute of Public Administration, New Delhi, 19-20 March, 2014.


v. “Adivasis from Public Policy Perspective in India”, National Seminar on Democracy, Development and Tribes in India: Reality and Rhetoric, Department of Political Science, University of Hyderabad, 12-13 August 2013

Seminar/Workshop Attended
Development, Hyderabad, 28-30 November 2013

B. Ramesh

Publications

Papers/Articles


iii. On Empowerment of Adivasis “Adivasila saadikkaaratha ennadu”, *Namaste Telangana*, 02 June 2013


v. Child marriages among chenchus “Chenchulanu kabalistunna Balyavivaahalu”, *Surya*, 18 July 2013

vi. The Vanishing Tribes “Antaristunna adivasi tegalu”, *Surya*, 9 August 2013


ix. On Elderly “Atmeeya sparshe antimakorika”, *Surya*, 1 October 2013


Papers Presented


Seminar/Workshop Attended

The Regional consultation on NET Examination, for South Eastern Region, organized by UGC South East Region office Hyderabad on 17th August 2013 at Platinum Jubilee Auditorium, at Prof. G. Ram Reddy Centre for Distance Education, Osmania University, Hyderabad.
S. Indrakant

Papers Presented


Economics and SC/ST Cell, Karnataka State Women’s University, 6 April 2013.


iv. “Data Collection, Data Presentation and Data Analysis”, 74th Orientation Course conducted by UGC Academic Staff College, Osmania University, 22 June 2013 (Two Sessions).

v. “Research Design” 75th Orientation Program, UGC Academic Staff College, 6 July 2013.


Lectures Delivered
i. Inaugural Address, Symposium on Evolution and Development of Dr. B.R. Ambedkar’s Economic Philosophy, jointly organized by Department of Studies in
ix. “Glimpses of MGNREGS in AP” and “Half-learnt Lesson on food Security Provision” Refresher Course in Economics conducted by UGC Academic Staff College, Osmania University, Hyderabad, 23 October 2013.

x. “Chi-Square Test”, Orientation Programme for Research Scholars and Faculty Members in Social Sciences, CSD, Hyderabad, 24 October 2013.

xi. “Use of Statistical Techniques and Sources of Data”, to Faculty members of RBVRR Women’s College, 8 November 2013.

xii. “Pit falls in Research” and “Use of Dummy variable Technique in Research”, Workshop on Research Methodology Course in Social Sciences, Dept. of Economics, Satavahana University, Karimnagar, 22-23 November 2013.


xiv. “Pit falls in Research”, Refresher Course on Research Methodology, UGC Academic Staff College, Osmania University, Hyderabad, 17 December 2013.

xv. “Use of Statistical Methods and Sources of Data”, 78th Orientation Programme organised by UGC Academic Staff College, Osmania University, Hyderabad, 18 December 2013.


xvii. “Quantitative Techniques” and “Testing of Hypothesis” to the participants of Capacity Building Programme for Social Science Faculty Members, Council for Social Development, Hyderabad, 3 February 2014.


xx. Guest Lecture, “MGNREGS”, University College of Arts and Social Sciences, Osmania University, Hyderabad, 26 February 2014.


xxii. “Sampling”, ‘TOT on Social Research Methodology and Processes’ for research staff working in NGOs and Research Institutions, Centre for Economic and Social Studies, Hyderabad, 19 March 2014.

Seminar/Workshop Attended

i. Paper Discussant, “Regional Dimension of Services Sector Growth and Convergence in India” Suraj, Alex Philip and Siddhartha Nath presented at 2nd DEPR Annual Research Conference held at RBI, Mumbai, 30 May 2013.


iii. One of the Speaker at the Meeting of the Farmers held at APMC, Enumamula, Warangal, Financial Literacy Programme to the Farmers, 17 September 2013.


ix. Member of Panel Discussion, Two-day National Seminar on Inclusive Growth and Food Security, Dept. of Economics, Osmania University, Hyderabad, 15 March 2014.


xi. Discussant to three papers, Two-day National Seminar on ‘Application of Panel Data’, Centre
for Economic and Social Studies, Hyderabad, 26 March 2014.

**Coordination of Academic Events**

i. Orientation Programme for Research Scholars and Faculty Members belonging to SC and other marginalized groups, June 10-14, 2013; October 21-25, 2013 and March 10-14, 2014

ii. ‘Financial Literacy Session’ by a team of RBI Officials, Hyderabad at Nrupatunga Degree and PG College, Hyderabad, 8 August 2013.

iii. Two-day National Seminar on ‘The Impact of MGNREGS on Rural Development’ (*Jointly organised*), Government Degree College, Gajwel, Medak District, 6-7 September 2013

**Evaluation of Ph.D. Theses**


iii. “An Econometric Analysis of the Determinants of Human Development in Rural and Urban Orissa” submitted by Santosh Kumar Mishra under the guidance of Bhabesh Sen to Utkal University in 2013.

**L. Reddeppa**

**Lectures Delivered**

i. “Collection and Presentation of Data (Graphical, Diagrammatic and Tabular Forms)” to the participants of the Research Methodology Course, Council for Social Development, Hyderabad during June 11, 2013.


iii. “Women in Public Policy” to the M.Phil students of TISS for the Course Title: Feminist Perspectives on Women, Gender and Society organized at CSD, Hyderabad

iv. “Gender Budgeting” to the M.Phil students of TISS for the Course Title: Feminist Perspectives on Women, Gender and Society organized at CSD, Hyderabad
v. “Participatory Rural Appraisal Methods in Research” on October 22, 2013 to the participants of Orientation Programme for Research Scholars and Faculty Members in Social Sciences conducted by CSD, SRC during October 21-25, 2013.


vii. “Field Work in Social Science Research” for Ph.D. Students of CSD, Social Science Second Modular Course, March 3-7, 2014

**Seminar/Workshop Attended**


ii. “Agriculture in Tribal Areas: A Study of Seven States in India” (A research project sponsored by ICSSR), Centre for Economic and Social Studies, 30 August 2013.

iii. “Women-Land Rights-Food Sovereignty”, Rythu Swarajya Vedika, 26 September 2013


**Papers Presented**


ii. “Potentiality of Assigned Lands for Livelihood Improvement of the Poor in Andhra Pradesh”, Faculty Seminar, CSD, Hyderabad, 20 May 2013

Kriti Sharma

Lectures Delivered

Seminar/Workshop Attended
ii. WGHR Regional Workshop on Human Rights Mechanism, 7-8 November 2013

Coordination of Academic Activities
Training of Tribal Lawyers Program during October 2013 - March 2014
ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE

GENERAL BODY (as on 31 March, 2014)
Professor Muchkund Dubey, President
Ms. C. P. Sujaya, Vice President

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Professor Muchkund Dubey
Dr. P. M. Bhargava
Shri D. Bandyopadhyay
Dr. (Ms.) Shantha Sinha
Professor Amit Bhaduri

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nominated by the Board
Dr. Kavita Sharma, Director, IIC

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EMPOWERMENT, GOI
Secretary or his/her nominee

REPRESENTATIVES OF INSTITUTIONS
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representative
Dr. Padma Velaskar, Tata Institute of Social Sciences, Mumbai
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National Institute of Rural Development, Hyderabad
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Dr. V. Vasanthi Devi
Professor Manoranjan Mohanty
Shri K. R. Venugopal

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Dr. Shantha Sinha, Member
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Mr. Izhar Ali, Finance Officer, Member
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Prof. Ramakrishna Ramaswamy Vice Chancellor, Hyderabad Central University, Hyderabad, Member

Prof. E. Haribabu, Dept. of Sociology, University of Hyderabad, Member

Dr. B.C. Muthayya, Former Director, Centre for Behavioural and Organisational, Development and Dy DG, NIRD, Hyderabad, (till December 2011), Member

Dr. (Mrs.) Y. Saraswati Rao, Former Vice Chancellor, Sri Krishnandevaraya University, Anantapur, Member

Dr. N. Vasanthi, RBI Professor, Member

Dr. L. Reddeppa, Associate Professor, CSD- Hyderabad, Member

Shri B.N. Yugandhar, Visiting Professor, CSD- Hyderabad, Member

~ 94 ~
FACULTY & STAFF
FACULTY
NEW DELHI

Professor Muchkund Dubey (President) started his career as a lecturer in Economics in the Patna University and later joined the Indian Foreign Service. He served as the High Commissioner of India to Bangladesh and the Permanent Representative to U.N. Organisations in Geneva. He also worked for the UNDP for five years. He retired in November 1991 after serving as the Foreign Secretary to the Government of India. He then joined the School of International Studies, JNU, as Professor, where he taught for close to eight years. He is researching a wide array of issues related to world economy, international monetary and trading systems, security and disarmament, South Asian cooperation and international relations. He was the Chairman of the Committee on the Common School System in Bihar.

Professor Dubey has written a large number of articles, papers and chapters on international security and disarmament matters, international development cooperation, world order issues, and social and economic development in India. His papers have been published in national and international journals. He has edited three books, including Indian Society Today: Challenges of Equality, Integration and Empowerment; co-edited three books; and is the author of Unequal Treaty: World Trading Order after GATT.

Prof. T. Haque (Director) is a well known agricultural economist. Before joining CSD, he was Chairman, Commission for Agricultural Costs and Prices, Govt. of India for more than 5 years and ICAR National Fellow/Professor at the National Centre for Agricultural Economics and Policy Research, New Delhi for five years. He was Director, Center for Agrarian Studies, NIRD for five years and Associate/ Asst. Professor (Agriculture Economics) at the Indian Agriculture Research Institute, New Delhi for about 13 years. He also served as consultant to several international organizations such as ILO, FAO, AARDO, The World Bank and ICA. He also served as visiting Fellow to IFPRI, U.S.A. Oxford University, U.K. and University of Alberta, Canada. Prof. Haque worked as member/chairman of several professional societies, working groups and advisory boards of Planning Commission, Ministry of Rural Development, Ministry of Agriculture, CII, ICAR, NIRD, HIRD and others. Prof. Haque has published six books, nineteen research reports and seventy five research papers and articles in
Shri D. Bandyopadhyay, (Distinguished Professor) was Secretary to the Government of India in the Ministries of Finance (Revenue) and Rural Development and also served as India’s Executive Director in the Asian Development Bank, Manila. While serving in West Bengal he was mainly responsible for developing the methodology of and implementing the ‘Operation Banga’ which became a model for land reforms in India. Given his expertise in rural development, agrarian relations and land reforms, labour and Panchayati Raj, he had been entrusted by the Government of India with a variety of assignments. He had been the convener of the Task Force on Panchayats in the Rajiv Gandhi Foundation for almost a decade. In the academic field, he is Chancellor’s nominee as a Member of the Senate of the University of Calcutta as well as a Member of the Court of the University of Kalyani. He was also the Chairman of the Governing Body of the Indian Institute of Management, Kolkata from 1982 to 1987. He has authored many scholarly articles in reputed national journals and newspapers on topical subjects.

Professor Amit Bhaduri (Distinguished Professor) after his degrees in Economics from the Universities of Calcutta and Cambridge received Ph.D. from Cambridge University. He has several honours and awards to his credit: Stevenson Prize for the best piece of research (Cambridge, 1966), Honorary Life Fellowship of the Centre for Development Studies, Trivandrum (1974), ICSSR Prize in recognition of original work in Economics (1983) and Honorary Life Professorship of Jawaharlal Nehru University (1986). He held teaching positions in the Presidency College, Kolkata, Pembroke College, Cambridge; Delhi School of Economics, University of Delhi; Centre for Development Studies, Trivandrum; Stanford University, USA; El College de Mexico, Mexico; Universities of Vienna and Linz, Austria; University of Bologna, Italy; Indian Institute of Management, Kolkata; University of Bremen, Germany; University of Trondheim, Norway; Wissenschafts Kolleg zu Berlin; Norwegian University of Science and Technology, Trondheim; Swedish Collegium for Advanced Study in Social Sciences; and Department of Political Economy, University of Paiva, Italy. Prof. Bhaduri was Research Consultant to ILO, UNCTAD, UNDP, UNIDO, U.N., and Economic Commission for Asia and the Pacific, Economic Commission for the Middle East; Vienna Institute of Comparative Economic Studies; and Development Bank of South Africa. Prof. Bhaduri
has 5 books to his credit and more than 70 research articles in international journals of repute.

**Professor K. B. Saxena** (Visiting Professor) was a teacher of Political Science in the University of Delhi before he joined the Indian Administrative Service in 1964 and held important government positions such as Joint Secretary, Land Reforms; Addl. Chief Secretary, Govt. of Bihar; Secretary in the Ministries of Welfare, Rural Development and Health, Government of India. He was Principal Adviser to the Planning Commission as well. He prepared the report on Atrocities against Scheduled Castes for the National Human Rights Commission. He has contributed a number of articles/papers and edited several books.

**Professor Manoranjan Mohanty** (Distinguished Professor) did his Ph.D. in 1971 from the University of California, Berkeley on 'Chinese Revolution and the Indian Communist Movement'. At post-graduation from the University of Delhi, he stood first class first. He received Karan Singh Award, C.T. Chacko Prize and the National Scholarship. He served the University of Delhi in the Department of Political Science at various levels. He is the Co-chairperson and Hony. Fellow, Institute of Chinese Studies, CSDS; Visiting Professor, Institute of Human Development, New Delhi; President, Orissa Research Institute and Fellow Emeritus, Developing Countries Research Centre, University of Delhi. He had visiting assignments at Moscow, Berkeley, Oxford, Amsterdam, Lagos, Los Angeles, California, etc. He conducted a number of international studies and published articles/papers in numerous national and international periodicals. He has more than 10 books to his credit. His is interested in People’s Rights and Peace Movement.

**Prof. Deepak Nayyar** (Distinguished Professor) is Emeritus Professor of Economics at Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi. He was Distinguished University Professor of Economics at the New School for Social Research, New York, from 2008 to 2012. And he was Professor of Economics at Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi, from 1986 to 2011. Earlier he has taught economics at the University of Oxford, the University of Sussex, and the Indian Institute of Management, Calcutta. He was Vice-Chancellor of the University of Delhi from 2000 to 2005.

His distinguished career in academia has been interspersed with short periods in the government. He was,

Professor Hari Mohan Mathur (Visiting Professor) has wide experience in resettlement issues, having worked during the last 10 years with the World Bank, the Asian Development Bank and other developmental agencies. Earlier as a member of the Indian Administrative Service (IAS), he served the Government of India and held highest positions including Chief Secretary, Government of Rajasthan. He had also served as Vice Chancellor, University of Rajasthan. He was posted in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia as Development Administration Specialist at the UN Asia and Pacific Development Centre (1982-84), and in Kampala as UN Adviser, Adviser to the Government of Uganda (1984-86) on development management. He has authored and edited numerous books on resettlement, anthropology and development and published several articles in international journals. His publications on resettlement include: *Development, Displacement and Resettlement: Focus on Asian Experiences*, edited with Michael Cernea (Vikas 1955), *Managing Projects that Involve Resettlement: Case Studies from Rajasthan, India* (World Bank/EDI 1997) and *Development Projects and Impoverishment Risks: Resettling Project-Affected People in India*, edited with David Marsden (Oxford 1998).

Professor Praful Bidwai (Durgabai Deshmukh Chair in Social Development, Equity and Human Security) prior to join CSD in 2012, he was an independent political analyst and columnist, a social science researcher, and an activist on issues of global justice, development, labour, peace, human rights and the environment. He has written several articles and books. His latest book, *The Politics of Climate Change and the Global Crisis: Mortgaging Our Future* (Orient BlackSwan), was published in November 2011. He has held many academic positions, including a Senior Fellowship at the Nehru Memorial Museum and Library, and was Karl Loewenstein Fellow in Political Science and Jurisprudence at Amherst College, Amherst, Mass, USA (1992-93).

Prof. Imrana Qadeer (Distinguished Professor) is a well known public health expert. Before joining CSD 2012, she was professor in Jawaharlal Nehru University where she taught for 35 years and then served as J. P. Naik Senior Fellow at
the CWDS. Her area of interest includes Organisational issues in health services in South Asia with a special focus on India, social epidemiology and political economy of health, women’s health and research methodology with an emphasis on interdisciplinary research methodologies. She also worked with the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, the planning Commission, Population Commission and the advisory and monitoring bodies for the National Rural Health Mission.

**Dr. Gopal Krishna Thakur** (Fellow) is an educationist with over two decades of experience in the area of school education, teacher education, educational research and program evaluation. He has done his Doctorate in Education from the Institute of Advanced Studies in Education (IASE), Jamia Millia Islamia, New Delhi. Prior to his Doctoral work, he did his M.Sc. in Chemistry, M.B.A. in Human Resource Management (IGNOU), and B.Ed., M.Ed. & M.Phil. in Education from Delhi University. Before joining CSD, he served as Principal of a Teacher Education Institution (of Chaudhary Charan Singh University, Meerut for over eight years), Lecturer in Education, Teacher in secondary schools, Evaluator of the Project ‘European Block Grant’, and as Consultant of a multinational organization, based in Liaoning Province of China.

**Ms. Vijayalakshmi Balakrishnan** (Associate Professor) has a master’s degree in development studies from the Institute of social studies, The hague, and a postgraduate diploma in social journalism from the Times school, New Delhi. She began her career in journalism and has spent the past 18+ years in evidence-based social development programme research and design, working both in India, and overseas. Her first book, Growing up and Away, Narratives of Indian Childhoods, Memory, History, Identity, was published by Oxford University Press in 2011.

**Prof. Ashok Pankaj** (Senior Fellow) holds 17 years of teaching and research experiences. He has taught regularly for ten years and then has been actively involved in field based policy research for the last seven years.

He specializes in law and political economy of development with a focus on public policies, institutions of governance and development, interface between development and democracy and society and polity. He has published several books and research papers on various topics relating to rural development, caste dynamics etc.
Dr. Prashant Kumar Trivedi (Associate Fellow) has done his Doctorate on Dalit Women and Social Development: A Sociological Study of Lucknow District from the University of Lucknow in Sociology. His main areas of interest are rural studies, women and dalits. He has presented and published several papers in national and international seminars, conferences and journals.

Dr. Sonali Mukherjee (Associate Fellow) has worked extensively on Gender and Development issues. She has done her doctoral research among the Bison-horn Maria of Bastar region of Chattishgarh from the University of Delhi, Delhi. She was also an Assistant Professor in Sociology at the Jesus and Mary College, University of Delhi where she taught Sociology, Gender and Human Rights. As an Assistant Professor she organised and conducted education trips for the Sociology Hons students. She has also taught Social Anthropology at IGNOU, New Delhi. Her research interests include Gender and Sustainable Development and Gender and Governance, She has 15 years of fieldwork experience among various tribes and caste communities.

Dr. P M Arathi (Associate Fellow) has done doctoral research on Gendered Bodies, Medicine and Law: A Study of Selected Case Laws from India and MPhil thesis titled Aborting Gender Justice: Legislating Abortion in Selected Countries of South Asia - A Preliminary Analysis from Centre of Social Medicine and Community Health, School of Social Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi. Did Masters in law with Health Care Laws as specialisation.

Worked as Assistant Professor in Law (FIP Substitute) at Government Law College, Thrissur Kerala, Research Assistant on a collaborative project of London School of Economics and Jawaharlal Nehru University on spousal violence in India, National Research and Campaign Co-ordinator for Society for Labour and Development, New Delhi, Volunteer and Trainer at National Network for Palliative Care (NNPC), Kerala, Practiced as lawyer at Hosdurg Munsiff Court, Kerala, Research Associate and Program Co-ordinator at Kairali TV for a television show related to gender issues and Faculty member at People’s Plan Cell, Kerala State Planning Board for the training of elected women panchayat members.

Mr. Gitesh Sinha (Research Officer) did his Masters in Computer Applications with specialisations in database. He has vast experience in data analysis of various agricultural and rural data sets. He worked as a Research Associate (Database) at the
International Livestock Research Institute (ILRI) for various projects sponsored by national & international organisations like the World Bank, ICAR, TATA Trust and Gates Foundation. He also worked with the Rural Development Institute, National Centre for Agricultural Economics and Policy Research (NCAP), and Institute for Human Development (IHD) for different projects. His area of interest includes analysis of various agricultural activities like livestock, dairy industries, food safety and market price.

Ms. Ankita Gupta (Research Associate), has completed her M. Phil in Economics from JNU and is pursuing her Ph.D in Economics from the Centre for Economic Studies and Planning (CESP), JNU, New Delhi. She has worked as a Consultant with the Ministry of Panchayati Raj, Government of India, for the committee set up to look into the “Ownership, price fixation, value addition and marketing of minor forest produce” under the chairmanship of Dr. T. Haque. The work included rigorous data collection at household level from nine PESA states and report writing.

Ms. Purtika Kalra (Research Assistant) has done her Graduation in Economics from University of Delhi in 2008 and Masters in Economics from University of Warwick, England. During the entire course of her study, she has been concerned with economic growth; she analysed the relationship between the economic growth and GDP of France. The dissertation during her masters’ programme focused on the time series analysis of the impact of the global financial crisis on India’s exports.

Ms. Anamika Priyadarshini (Senior Research Associate) did her Masters in International Development from Cornell University and is currently pursuing PhD from the Department of Global Gender Studies, State University of New York at Buffalo. She is associated with home-based workers' international network Home Workers Worldwide and has been working to underscore these workers’ issues since 2001. Her Masters thesis was also on women silk spinners, a group of home-based workers, of Bhagalpur. Anamika has about four years experience of teaching undergraduate students of SUNY Buffalo and masters students of the Centre for Development Studies, Central University of Bihar.

Ms. Jaya Lekshmi Nair (Senior Research Associate) has a Post graduate degree in Physics from University of Kerala. She has over 10 years of research experience in the field of rural development agriculture and gender studies. She has earlier worked with Landesa and Indicus.
Analytics. She has a number of research articles to her credit.

Presently she is working as a coordinator on a project on Land Governance Assessment Framework (LGAF) India, sponsored by The World Bank, Washington D.C.

**HYDERABAD**

**Dr. Kalpana Kannabiran** (Regional Director) is a sociologist and legal researcher and was awarded the VKRV Rao Prize for Social Science Research in the field of Social Aspects of Law by the ICSSR in 2003. Earlier in 1992-93, she was recipient of the Rockefeller Humanist in Residence Fellowship at Hunter College, City University of New York. She was part of the founding faculty of NALSAR University of Law where she taught sociology and law for a decade, 1999-2009, and is a founder member of Asmita Resource Centre for Women set up in 1991, where she has coordinated research and legal outreach for women. She has worked on rights of indigenous communities and with community based disability rights groups in rural areas. Her work has focussed on understanding the social foundations of non-discrimination, violence against women, and questions of constitutionalism and social justice in India.

**Professor N. Vasanthi** (RBI Chair Professor) specializes in law. She joined CSD with a rich experience of teaching law at a premier law university, NALSAR University of Law for over 11 years. Her areas of specialization have been constitutional law and she has taught courses including comparative constitutional law, law and poverty and tax laws among others. She has written on issues of gender, disability, labour and clinical legal education and has several research projects to her credit including one on “Regulatory Impact of Legislation on Domestic Work” for ICSSR. Her recent publications include an article for the Economic and Political Weekly on “Addressing Paid Domestic work: A public policy concern.” Her book on Constitutional Policy and Environmental jurisprudence was published in 2006.

**Dr. Reddeppa** (Associate Professor) an economist, has over the past two decades specialised in two broad areas: Small Industry and Self Employment; and the Development of Vulnerable Groups. Within these areas, he has conducted independent research on micro credit, and has closely studied state welfare programmes in the sectors of minor irrigation, horticulture, land purchase and distribution, animal husbandry and agriculture and allied
Dr. Reddeppa has published sixteen papers in journals and edited volumes. His most recent publication, a book titled Food Security in India (Delhi: Kanishka) was published in 2011.

Dr. Surapa Raju (Assistant Professor) is working with CSD for nearly two and half decades. His areas of work include Fisheries Economics, Rural Development and Education. With a specialization in the fisheries sector and fishing communities, he has travelled widely in coastal, riverine and inland fishing villages across Andhra Pradesh, gaining a personal experience and understanding of the problems and issues that beset fishing communities across these ecological areas.

Sujit Mishra (Associate Professor) is an economist who has specialized in Development Economics for his doctoral thesis and in Environmental and Natural Resource Economics in his post doctoral research. Prior to joining CSD in 2006, he worked with The Energy and Resources Institute (TERI), New Delhi as Associate Fellow. His research experience covers varied themes such as Development induced Displacement, the complex of issues in the mining sector and the environment and development implications of climate change. Having published widely in these areas, currently Dr Mishra is engaged in investigating the causes for the drop in female age at marriage in Andhra Pradesh and its implications.

Pratyusna Patnaik (Assistant Professor) obtained her Doctorate Degree in Sociology from University of Mysore in the year 2008 from the Institute for Social and Economic Change (ISEC), Bangalore. Having completed Ph.D, she started her career as a Faculty member at Environmental Protection, Training and Research Institute (EPTRI) Hyderabad in the year 2007, and subsequently joined Council for Social Development in July, 2008.

She worked in the area of Democratic Decentralisation for her Ph.D, focusing on the issues of participation of marginalised communities, rural power structure, accountability and transparency in local governance. Her publications are in the broad area of democratic decentralisation, and has presented papers on the same theme in various seminars and conferences.

Soumya Vinayan (Assistant Professor) is trained in economics. Soumya’s work lies at the crossroads of modern industrialization and artisanal communities with special reference to hand/machine weaving. Tracing the economic history of the (present) dominant player of textile industry in India, namely, the
emergence of powerloom sector is her main area of research interest. Political economy of financing higher education and the emergence of the private player; theory and praxis of intellectual property regimes and its interplay in realizing distributive ‘rent’ to artisanal mode of production also form core areas of research she undertakes. Her work is also reflective and interpretive of the global regimes of governance and the deep impact it has on the local.

**Dr. Sambaiah Gundemeda** (Assistant Professor) is a political scientist with a doctorate from SOAS, London. A recipient of the Ford Foundation International Fellowship for his doctoral research, his work has attempted to promote a nuanced understanding of dalit politics in India.

Sam is passionate about the idea of democracy, which for him has the capacity to not only to set the people free – free from the cages of dictatorships, aristocracies, and other undemocratic forms of governments, but importantly also has the ability to provide the people both collectively as well as individually, avenues for their self-actualisations.

**B. Ramesh** (Research Associate) has an M.Phil in Social Work from Nagarjuna University and is a doctoral candidate there. He joined CSD as a CAPART Young Professional on deputation in 2007 and was subsequently appointed as Research Associate in CSD.
Faculty Members

CSD, Delhi
1. Prof. Muchkund Dubey
   President
2. Dr T. Haque
   Director
3. Mr. D. Bandyopadhyay
   Distinguished Professor
4. Prof. Amit Bhaduri
   Distinguished Professor
5. Prof. Manoranjan Mohanty
   Distinguished Professor
6. Prof. Deepak Nayyar
   Distinguished Professor
7. Prof. K. B. Saxena
   Visiting Professor
8. Prof. Praful Bidwai
   Durgabai Deshmukh Chair in Social Development
9. Prof. Imrana Qadeer
   Distinguished Professor
10. Dr Hari Mohan Mathur
    Visiting Professor
11. Prof. Ashok Pankaj
    Senior Fellow
12. Dr. Gopal Krishna Thakur
    Education Specialist
13. Dr Prashant Kumar Trivedi (on Lien)
    Fellow
14. Dr Sonali Mukherjee
    Associate Fellow
15. Dr Arathi P. M.
    Associate Fellow
16. Ms Ankita Gupta
    Senior Research Associate
17. Ms Anamika Priyadarshini
    Senior Research Associate
18. Ms Vijayalakshmi Balakrishnan
    Fellow
19. Mr. Gitesh Sinha
    Research Officer
20. Ms. Purtika Kalra
    Research Assistant
21. Dr Hari Mohan Mathur
    Visiting Professor
22. Prof. Ashok Pankaj
    Senior Fellow
23. Dr S. Surapa Raju
    Assistant Professor
24. Jayalakshmi Nair
    Sr. Research Associate

SRC, Hyderabad
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   Regional Director
2. Dr S. Indrakant
   RBI Chair Professor
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   Visiting Professor
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5. Dr L. Reddeppa
   Associate Professor
6. Dr Sujit Kumar Mishra
   Associate Professor
7. Dr S. Surapa Raju
   Assistant Professor
8. Dr Pratyusna Patnaik
   Assistant Professor
9. Dr Soumya Vinayan
   Assistant Professor
10. Dr Sambaiah Gundemeda
    Assistant Professor
11. Dr Suresh Jagannadham
    Assistant Professor
12. Dr Vijay Korra
    Assistant Professor
13. Mr. B. Ramesh
    Research Associate
14. Dr K. Rama Patnaik
    Visiting Fellow
15. Dr M. Sridhar
    Post Doctoral Fellow
16. Dr Satyam Sunkari
    Post Doctoral Fellow
17. Dr Sandhya Maliye
    Post Doctoral Fellow
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DELHI

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Administrative Officer

Mr. Izhar Ali
Finance Officer

Mr. Harpal Singh
Executive Secretary to the President

Ms. Gurmeet Kaur
Librarian

Ms. Reeta Khurana
Sr. Admin. & Account Asstt.

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Accounts Assistant

Ms. Premalata Puri
Receptionist/ Tel. Operator

Mr. Suraj Pal Keer
Assistant System Manager

Mr. Dev Dutt
Computer Technical Asstt

Ms. Chinmoyee Sanyal
Office Assistant

Ms. Lovely Nagpal
Computer Assistant

Ms. Amrita Mondal
P.S. to Director

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Driver-cum-Peon

Mr. Vijay Pal
Peon

Mr. Ratan Singh Rana
Watchman

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Electrician

Mr. Harshmani Kukreti
Peon

Mr. Khadak Singh
Peon

Mr. Vinod Kumar
Safai Karamchari-cum-Peon

Mr. Sanjay Kumar
Safai Karamchari-cum-Peon

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Sri D. Sunder Raj
Research Associate

Sri B. Ramesh
Research Associate

Sri P. Kumar
Assistant Programmer

Ms. A. Jyotsna
CAPART Young Professional
ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF

Sri K. Sanjiva Rao
Admin. & Accts. Officer

Sri B. Laxminarayana Rao
Manager (Services)

Sri Y.S.S. Prasad
Secretary to Regional Director

Ms. K. Mahalakshmi
Stenographer

Ms. P. Lalitha Kumari
Typist-Clerk

ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT STAFF

Sri Ch. Shanker Reddy
Driver-cum-Office Assistant

Sri B. Pratap Reddy
Electrician-cum-Driver

Sri D.L. Sunil Kumar
Office Assistant

Sri K. Umamaheswara Rao
Office Assistant

Smt. T. Santamma
Sweeper (Retired on June 30, 2011)

Sri P. Mariyadas
Office Assistant
AUDITOR’S REPORT